

WHAT does good service mean? It means courteous attention to all customers. It means selling just what the purchaser wants. It means giving full weight and honest meat. It means selling at a fair figure. It means taking care of all the little things that count.

Milk's Market

F. H. Milks
Phone No. 2

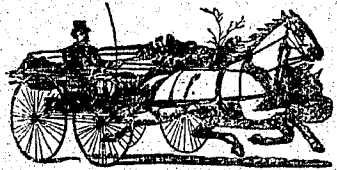
Everything

IN
Hardware

Yes, we mean exactly what we say—EVERYTHING—and you can't beat our quality and our very low prices anywhere in this part of this country. The proof is in the trying. Do it.

SALLING, HANSON CO.
Hardware Department

LIVERY & SALES STABLES



Prompt livery service ready at anytime.
Also heavy work.

Farms and Farm Lands and Village Property For Sale.

N. P. Olson, Grayling
Phone No. 384

If you want Bread with a distinctive flavor, be sure to call for

CASSIDY'S
HOME-MADE
BREAD

For Sale at most stores or Phone 162

Model Bakery and Grocery

THE HOME OF PURITY AND QUALITY

CYCLONE HITS
CAMP FERRISAEROPLANE BLOWN IN LAKE.
Rain and Hail Accompanied With
Doing Much Damage on The
Grounds.

A violent wind storm accompanied by rain and hail struck Camp Ferris, Friday afternoon, and in a few seconds the grounds were covered with a foot of water.

All the tents were blown down and everything was in chaos.

One member of Co. D. Boyne City, was hit on the head by a tent pole, inflicting a scalp wound. Several other members of the Thirty-third regiment were slightly injured.

The greatest damage was probably to the aeroplane which was stripped of its planes and plunged head foremost into the lake. The body and engine were but slightly damaged and it is estimated that the cost of repairs will amount to about \$3,000.

Considerable damage was done to the Quartermasters' supplies due to the soaking rain. With the tents practically all down there was no protection from the down-fall.

There were many amusing incidents occurred during the storm. At one place, several guards were sitting on one edge of their tent to keep it from blowing away, when a quick shift of the wind caused the tent to blow over onto the occupants. One lady, the wife of a commissioned officer, was taking a sponge bath, when almost without warning the tent sailed away in the air leaving its occupant in the open and in a drenching rain. A quick grab for a fleeing blanket saved the lady from the startling gaze of several hundred guards.

At the hospital tent, dozens of men helped to hold down the canvas. At the time there were about 33 occupants. Almost everything movable was either blown away or washed away.

After the storm was over the boys got busy getting things in shape again but there was little rest during the night as everything was water soaked.

NEW SPEED RECORDS AT CHICAGO MOTOR TRIALS.

Resta Hits 113.5 Miles an Hour.

Chicago, Aug. 18 (Special) Thursday (the 17th) Dario Resta made one lap of the two mile track at the Chicago Speedway in 1:03.44, an average of 113.5 miles per hour in his Peugeot mount on Goodrich Silvertown tires.

This is the fastest two miles that has ever been made in qualifying heats on American speedways.

Such speed would never be possible were it not for the wonderful strides which have been made in tire-building. Goodrich Silvertown tires, which are of a patented cord construction, are the shoes which most of the racers have relied upon for the past three years. They have been on the winning cars in every important race since 1914. It is stated by the makers, The B. F. Goodrich Co., of Akron, Ohio.

Oscar Palmer, the Ideal Man for Judge of Probate.

Has done more for the people of Crawford county than any other man.

Has made a home and provided education for fifteen boys and girls and seen them successfully graduate from our schools, and had the satisfaction of knowing that every one has made good in the world and been a credit to business and society.

One of the first men to urge the beautifying of the city by planting maple shade trees, lawns, flowers, etc., and the result of his work may be seen in many places throughout the city.

His benevolence to those in want exceeds that of any other man in the county in proportion to his financial means. Has come to the rescue in many cases where otherwise some families would probably have lost their home.

Two years ago established a school for the Finnish people and had a class of forty members under instructions of a capable teacher, paying the salary of the teacher, buying the text books and paying all incumbent expenses. All this with the idea on Americanizing our foreign population.

Council Proceedings.

A regular meeting of the common council of the village of Grayling convened at the Town hall Monday evening, August 14th, 1916. Meeting called to order by H. Petersen, president. Trustees present—Jorgenson, Taylor, Milks, Cook, McCullough and Canfield. Absent—none.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved. Finance Committee's report read, to wit:

To the President and members of the common council of the village of Grayling: Your committee on Finance, Claims and Accounts respectfully recommend that the accompanying bills be allowed as follows:

- | | |
|--|----------|
| 1. Mich. Central R. R. Co., freight..... | \$ 86 35 |
| 2. Campbell Stone Co., stone..... | 22 38 |
| 3. Campbell Gravel Co., gravel..... | 74 66 |
| 4. Salling, Hanson Co., water, 6-1-16 to 6-1-17..... | 500 00 |
| 5. Salling, Hanson Co., sewer pipe and supplies..... | 210 27 |
| 6. Gaylord Lumber & Fuel Co., drain tile..... | 4 70 |
| 7. M. A. Bates, telephone service..... | 12 50 |
| 8. Grayling Electric Co., June service..... | 124 00 |
| 9. M. Hanson, insurance..... | 1 47 |
| 10. R. Hanson & Sons, team labor..... | 17 50 |
| 11. O. P. Schumann, printing..... | 10 30 |
| 12. Wm. McCullough, repairs..... | 1 50 |
| 13. Julius Nelson, pay roll ending July 31st..... | 289 81 |
| 14. American LaFrance Fire Engine Co., repairs..... | 4 26 |
| 15. C. C. Fehr, fire reports July 18th and 21st..... | 31 00 |
| 16. A. Kraus Est., repairs..... | 1 75 |
| 17. John Harrington, extra work and express..... | 9 95 |

Respectfully submitted.
W. Jorgenson,
F. H. Milks,
A. Taylor, } Committee.

Moved by Jorgenson and supported by Canfield that the report be accepted and orders drawn on the treasurer for the amounts. Motion carried.

Moved by Canfield and supported by McCullough that we purchase an American LaFrance Fire engine from the LaFrance Fire engine company for \$975.00 f. o. b. cars Grayling, they to furnish instructions for operating same, and the President and Clerk be authorized to sign the contract. Yeas—All.

Moved by Cook and supported by Taylor that we contract for building cement sidewalks in the Village for the year 1916, and the contract be awarded Adam Hyadylanen at 8½¢ per foot for sidewalks and 10½¢ per foot for crosswalks. Yeas—All.

Moved by McCullough and supported by Milks that we adjourn. Motion carried.
T. P. Peterson,
Village Clerk.

Liver Trouble.

"I am bothered with liver trouble about twice a year," writes Joe Dingman, Webster City, Iowa. "I have pains in my side and back and an awful soreness in my stomach. I heard of Chamberlain's Tablets and tried them. By the time I had used half a bottle of them I was feeling fine and had no signs of pain." Obtainable everywhere.

and making them better informed regarding our laws and customs and thus better citizens.

Has been successful in business.

Is a successful Attorney and served the county as prosecutor for 22 years, and established a record that any attorney may be proud of. In all his legal work, has shown the disposition of "a square deal" to all concerned.

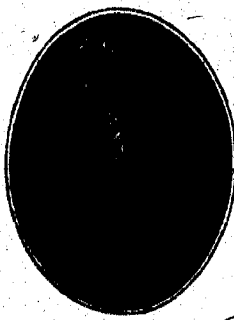
His integrity is unquestioned and credit almost unlimited wherever he is known.

He knows almost every family in the county and is familiar with our county affairs.

Oscar Palmer is an ideal candidate for Judge of Probate, for which office he aspires, and this is the most responsible office in any county. Trustworthy as he is, the people know that every nicker passing thru his hands will be properly accounted for.

As the head of the county juvenile court, his strong judgment and sympathetic nature combine to make Mr. Palmer eminently fitted.

The voters of Crawford county should be proud to have an opportunity to vote for a man so worthy of their ballot. Every statement made in this article is true.

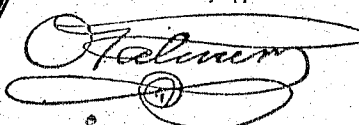


JUDGE of PROBATE

☒ OSCAR PALMER

AN ABLE ATTORNEY.
ABSOLUTE INTEGRITY.
LOYAL FRIEND TO ALL.
Republican Candidate. Primaries Tues., Aug. 29

Your vote will be duly appreciated.


PRIMARY ELECTION
NEXT TUESDAY.CANDIDATES FINISHING BUSY
CAMPAIGN.

Looks Like Close Contest in gubernatorial Race.

The Primary election for the choice of candidates from United States senator down to coroner will be held all over Michigan next Tuesday. Probably the biggest contest is that for governor. Practically every candidate is confident of victory.

For United States senator, Townsend's election is assured. Sleeper, Diekema, Leland, Gardner and Westelius is about the order the professional dopesters have them lined up for governor. No figures apparently have been presented for lieutenant governor.

Currie, Loud and Woodruff with Currie in the lead and Woodruff third in the race is the way the pools read in Bay City.

For State senator, McRae seems to be running strong. Perry and Callahan will split up the vote in the western part of the district and McRae will carry the eastern part and pull strongly in the western part.

For representative it is going to be a close race. Bates is getting stronger every day and it appears that he is a sure winner. Farrier concedes Crawford, Otsego and Oscoda to Bates but claims Presque Isle and Montmorency counties. The latter county is but a handful while Presque Isle is the largest in the district. The fact is that Bates is going to get a good vote right out of Farrier's own county and also will get a large vote in Presque Isle. Mr. Bates has taken a superficial canvass of the district and he claims that he is going to win.

For Judge of Probate, Oscar Palmer will easily win over Geo. Mahon. This is the most responsible office in the county and Mr. Palmer is an ideal man for the place.

For Register of Deeds we cannot see any possible chance for Richardson or Johnson to win over Failing.

There are no other contests on the Republican ticket and no contest for any office on the Democratic or Prohibition tickets.

His Worth Compels Our Acknowledgement.

Whatever else is claimed, this one thing we men of Michigan do know, that the voters strive with all their powers for the successful government of this country. It is this intense desire to be right in the selection of men for public service that makes us capable of self-government. Particularly is this true of the agricultural class. By instinct, by inheritance, by their ideals they adhere to the principle that good laws for the people of Michigan are more likely to result from the election of good men to make those laws. Always there are many to choose from; always there is some one who stands pre-eminently above the others. The farmer grades his



DUNCAN McRAE.

grain, the stock man his stock, the wool grower his wool. Always there is some that is better, finer, worth more. And this is because of qualities, determined by examination and the application of reason.

Republican voters in the counties of Gladwin, Oscoda, Clare, Arenac, Roscommon, Crawford, Iosco, Ogemaw, Alcona, and Oscoda, will on August 29th nominate a man to represent them in the Michigan senate. He may assist in making laws which he and the rest of us must obey. Examination of the candidates for nomination indicates a number of men fairly capable. Nevertheless among them there is one that whom no Michigan senatorial district has nominated and elected a better man. Who is he?

HON. DUNCAN McRAE, of Greenbush, Alcona county.

Sturdy descendant of a family that came many years ago from the Scottish highlands, Duncan McRae ranks first among us, a peerless citizen. Gleaner, granger, farm owner, postmaster for years, stalwart Republican, he is asked by the Alcona Republican county convention to give of his time and ability to his state and he has consented if nominated and elected. His innate honesty, his rugged faith, unclouded vision and dauntless courage are ingredients of character that compel our minds to want not him alone but many more like him in the Michigan senate. At 43 years he is in the very prime of his life.

Michigan pleads for government.

Dry Goods, Shoes, Clothing

We Think You will Profit by
Becoming a Patron of
This Store

It is not our policy to boast or to make extravagant statements that we cannot back up. But we do make it our business to sell goods just as cheap or cheaper than any other firm from whom you can buy. And in addition to this the Quality of our Goods is Always High. That is where your profit as a patron comes in.

Our stock of Summer Dry Goods is strong.
In our Men's Department we have the comfortable Hot Weather Wearables.

EMIL KRAUS

Grayling's Leading Dry Goods Store

that comes from character like his.

Native, sun-crowned product of these counties, reared in the broad open of forest and river, farm field, and village, polished by learning and contact with men and affairs of state, a stranger to fear, an uncompromising and skillful foe to legislative iniquity, a priceless asset to the commonwealth, he surely will be the choice of those thoughtful Republicans who value both a party of illustrious achievement and unblemished honor, and legislative intelligence and honesty. Be it said, The Telegram-News owes nothing to Duncan McRae. He has solicited no favor that we may give. We would be first to oppose him if he were unworthy. But we know the people of the 28th district, their integrity, their anxiety for the best in government, and knowing them we are obligated by honor to advise the nomination and later the election of Duncan McRae as Republican senator; a man who would go down fighting before he would stain his family name or his legislative trusteeship by yielding a single point inimical to the interests of the people of this district or of the whole people of this great commonwealth.—Mio Telegram-News.

Somebody is a Base Liar.

If they say positively that Nelson Farrier was denied advertising space in the Avalanche, in the interest for his campaign for representative against Melvin A. Bates.

Such a rumor reached this office last week and we just want the people to know the truth. We defy any living person to prove such an assertion.

This looks like a campaign trick to prejudice the voters against Mr. Bates. We will state publicly right here that our columns are open to any and all candidates, no matter who they are or what they may be running for, and also that it is positively against the rules of this office to tip off to any candidate what another may be having printed or is advertising. This is the condition of the Avalanche office today and always has been so since we came in charge of it.

Nelson Farrier has NEVER by word, letter or thru any other person ever mentioned wanting advertising in the Avalanche, to us; not even an

inquiry, much less ask for space.

Now you people who would know so much about this matter, please come into the line light and show your diabolical hand. We just want to see what you look like. You dare not, Farrier or any other man. You, who would start such a story are too cowardly to acknowledge it.

N. E. Michigan Fair, Bay City,
September 11 to 16.

Arrangements are practically completed for the opening of the North-eastern Michigan fair on September 11th.

Entries of live stock from some of the largest Michigan breeders are coming in every day and it is now certain that the grounds will be taxed to their capacity.

In the Peerless Exposition company the fair has secured one of the largest Carnival companies on the road.

The leading attraction is one of the most stupendous and costly free attractions ever offered at any fair—Pawnee Bill's Wild West show will be free to all that attend the fair.

It is the Original Pawnee Bill's \$50,000 spectacle in which that celebrated Western character—Major Gordon W. Lillie will appear three times daily, twice each afternoon and in the evening.

Eleven horse races will be held during the week. Purises to the extent of \$4400.00 will be divided among the winners. The entry fee has been cut to three per cent, and it is expected that some of the fastest horses in this section will be entered.

Over three thousand dollars have been spent on the grounds, in way of repairing and improvements. Every building has been newly painted and when decorators are put in place opening day, by the Robinson Decorating company, the grounds will present a gala appearance. Arrangements are being made to care for 50,000 people daily.

Presbyterian Church Notes.

Preaching service every Sabbath, at 10:30 a. m.
No evening service until September.
Rev. J. C. Elliott,
Acting Pastor.



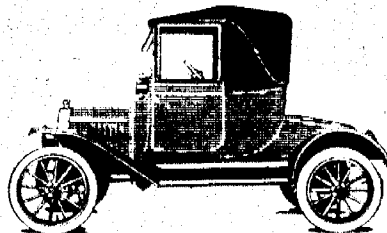
New Prices Aug. 1, 1916

The following prices for Ford cars will be effective on and after August 1st, 1916

Chassis.....	\$325	Coupelet.....	\$505
Runabout.....	345	Town Car.....	595
Touring Car.....	360	Sedan.....	645

f. o. b. Detroit
These prices are positively guaranteed against any reduction before August 1st, 1917, but there is no guarantee against an advance in price at any time.

George Burke, Frederic, Mich.
Agent for Crawford and Northern Roscommon Counties



TWO CAMPS WERE STORMED HARD

MICHIGAN TROOPS FORCED TO FLEE THE FLOOD AND SEEK SHELTER IN BOX CARS.

ARE GUARDSMEN FIT FOR WAR?

Recent Happenings to Michigan Troops at Home and On the Texas Border That Interest Home Folks.

Grayling, Mich.—The damage done to the camp by last week's storm has been variously estimated and a board of survey may be appointed by General Kirk to make an estimate. The hurricane leveled nearly every tent in the camp as well as drenching the soldiers to the skin. It was believed that the damage would run into the thousands of dollars, but indications now are that the loss was not as great as at first reported. General Kirk has appointed his personal aide, Lieutenant Foster to investigate the extent of the damage and report if a survey is necessary to account for the loss of United States property.

Several hundred dollars worth of cavalry equipment is reported lost and \$3,500 damage was done to the aeroplane that was blown into the lake.

Soldiers spent a day erecting the tents that had been blown down, fishing equipment from the lake and clearing away debris. Trees blown down by the storm impeded traffic on the company streets as well as the road leading from Grayling.

Lightning struck the iron observation tower across the lake, stunning Charles Dingman and Leon Hammond of the signal corps, Ypsilanti, who were in the tower when the storm broke. Their condition is improved.

A bolt of lightning striking the ground near where Private Carl Burkhardt, Company H, Owosso, was standing, rendered him unconscious. He remained unconscious for more than 40 minutes. Many other soldiers were stunned by lightning, but none seriously hurt.

J. Gauthier, Co. M, Sault Ste. Marie, suffered a broken arm when a falling tent pole struck him. Sergeant H. K. Baer, was knocked down when lightning struck the ground near him. He was not injured.

The street in front of the quarters of ambulance Co. No. 1, Detroit, was blocked by five large trees; no one was hurt.

To prevent another wind storm blowing down the tents at Brigade headquarters, soldiers reinforced them with wooden frames. General Kirk was furnished a new tent.

Are Guardsmen Fit?

El Paso, Texas—Some regular army officers are reported as saying of the condition of national guardsmen now on the border that they are not reasonably fit to meet a trained army in actual war. One officer is quoted as saying this:

"It would take at least six months to prepare the National Guard for a campaign in Mexico. By that time it would take at least six months of intensive training to prepare the militia physically and instill discipline so they could take care of themselves on the field."

Home Assistance Organized.

El Paso, Texas—After a general visit through the camp, Augustus D. Pope and Byers H. Gitchell, from Detroit in the interest of the patriotic society, are ready for business. They will hear all enlisted men who have trouble, either financial or otherwise, of such a nature that the committee can assist them.

Labuff's Bad Checks.

El Paso, Texas—Letters are being received by Colonel Farlow from bankers and saloonmen in El Paso who cashed checks forged by Harold Labuff, asking as to their chances of collecting their money. A letter has been received from a young lady in Norwich, N. Y., stating that she received the diamond ring which he bought with the stolen money. Labuff confesses to forging about \$1,000 in checks.

Camp Cotton Storm Swept.

El Paso, Texas—The storm which struck Camp Cotton the latter part of last week added very greatly to the discomfort and hardship of the Michigan guardsmen. It started early in the evening and lasted until early morning, the rain coming in torrents. The entire first battalion of the Thirty-first regiment, encamped in the lowest spot on the grounds, was practically under water. The other two battalions and the Thirty-second regiment were in bad condition. A thousand of the men in the Thirty-first were compelled to desert their tents about midnight and seek refuge in empty box cars on a nearby siding.

By a vote of 2 to 1, taxpayers of the Pontiac school district voted to bond for \$150,000 to build extensions to the high school and Central and Wilson schools to relieve congestion which has been growing for two years. The vote was 252 to 127.

Taxpayers of Oakwood village have by a vote of 90 to 16 approved a bond issue of \$40,000 for the extension of water mains to the territory recently annexed by the municipality. This district is about one mile square and is being built up rapidly.

Former Prosecuting Attorney Milo Bennett of Kalamazoo appealed his \$5,000 damage suit against the grand jury from the circuit court to the supreme court.

Joe Cook, of Fruitport township, got a charge of hushshot in his back while lying in a patch of brush and weeds on the Muskegon lake front, taking a bath. George Jordan, son of a squatter, fired the shot at a runaway chicken that was trying to kill for dinner. About 50 pieces of shot were removed from Cook's back at Hackley hospital.

MICHIGAN NEWS BRIEFS

The extremely warm weather has been driving hay fever sufferers north. All hotels and cottages at St. Ignace resorts are packed.

Joseph Seddico, aged 26, of Minneapolis, Minn., is dead at Mackley hospital, the first victim of spinal meningitis in Muskegon in years.

Ontonagon county board of supervisors voted unanimously to submit a bond proposition to voters, for \$195,000 to build state trunk line roads.

William Henry Socwell, who says his home is in New York, is in Kalamazoo jail and officers declare he is one of the smoothest and most successful forgers in the country.

Enactment by congress of a law providing for universal military training was urged in resolutions adopted by the Michigan State Medical society in a session at Houghton.

Mrs. Theresa Smith, 80, a resident of St. Clair county for seventy years, died at the home of her son, Fred A. Smith, Mrs. Smith is credited with having resided longer in the county than any other resident.

Mrs. Eliza Mead, of Ann Arbor, has retained an attorney and will fight the proposed plan of the University of Michigan to condemn property she owns near the site of the proposed new hospital laundry building.

The reading of the will of the late William Rath discloses a bequest of \$25,000 for the clearing and laying out of what is known as the Carter park an 80-acre tract presented to the city of Ludington by the A. E. Carters sons.

A total increase of 25,501 employees in 14 Detroit automobile factories, or 49.04 per cent, over 1915 is the record for 1916 as compiled by the state labor department, official figures being given out based on a year's showing ending May 1.

Ann Arbor has developed six cases of typhoid since August 15. The city health officer says there is nothing to fear, that the cases are sporadic and not epidemic. The city's supply of drinking water and the milk supply are tested daily.

Three vacancies in the faculty of Hope college have been filled by the selection of the following men: For the chair of physics Professor W. B. Pietsen; chair of mathematics, Professor J. W. Beath; department of education, Professor C. J. Knock.

A marriage ceremony by proxy between a Detroit girl and a Danish soldier stationed in Copenhagen, which it will take at least three weeks to perform with the ocean between the principals, is being arranged by the bride-to-be, Miss Marie Klock, aged 21.

The village of Blissfield, has profited more by the war than any other Lenawee county town. Its actual receipts from indirect benefits derived from the European war would total an astonishing large sum. Blissfield's largest single interest is the beet sugar factory.

An ulcerated tooth caused the death of Frank Smith, 28, at Coney Island, near Muskegon. Smith died of blood poisoning and officers assert they could not obtain the services of a physician before Smith's death, his condition not being considered serious at any time.

Joe Bodnar, alias Sillard Mizatav, alias Joe Gustie, the confidence man who is alleged to have fleeced Frank Franks, Muskegon Heights, butcher, out of \$1,500 and who escaped from the Muskegon county jail through the aid of Mrs. Fred J. Collins, the sheriff's wife, it is alleged, was recaptured in Chicago.

Mrs. Mary Laker, 60 years old, of Flint, is dying; her daughter, Mrs. Zachariah Gray 35 years old, is seriously burned, and her son-in-law, Zachariah Gray, is slightly burned as the result of a moment's carelessness in the handling of gasoline while Mrs. Laker was trying to remove a spot of paint from her dress. In an instant of absent-mindedness Mrs. Laker set the gasoline can on the button that controlled the pilot light of her gas stove, causing the flame to flare up and the gasoline can to explode. Mr. Gray was injured trying to save the two women.

The old buildings of the Ionia hospital for the criminally insane, at Ionia, close to the reformatory, which figured in a battle in the 1915 legislature, promise to come to the front again at the 1917 session. At the 1915 gathering the buildings, now known as an "annex," were suggested as a compromise for the woman's reformatory, but the advocates of a new and advanced reformatory succeeded in defeating the plan in the senate. Now a plan is on foot to use the buildings as a housing place for the tubercular prisoners in the Michigan penal institutions, and from all indications a recommendation of that sort will come to the next legislature from the state board of charities and corrections.

Installation of a \$15,000 street lighting system in all of the main thoroughfares of Grosse Pointe Park village will be begun within a few days according to Julius W. Berns, president.

Edwin Schuchard, 17 years old, of Detroit, smiled as his chum, Michael Brennan, 16 years old, of Detroit pressed a revolver against his body and playfully pulled the trigger. There was a report and young Schuchard crumpled, mortally wounded. This is another case of the "empty" revolver being loaded.

Struck in the abdomen by the tongue of a wagon, which dropped while he was unloading oats, Clarence Rabele, a farmer living west of Flint, died of his injuries.

Physicians have given up hope of saving the life of Harry Kelly, 26 years old, injured when an automobile containing four other persons, two of them women, crashed into a tree at Englishville corners near Grand Rapids while speeding. Samuel J. Shildroth, driver, and Mrs. Elsie Campbell, who suffered serious brain and spine contusions, may not survive.

DEATHS FROM HEAT AND PARALYSIS

HEAT CAUSED ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTEEN DEATHS IN THE STATE IN JULY.

INFANTILE PARALYSIS NINE

The Long Continued Hot Weather Caused a Largely Increased Death Rate.

Lansing—Infantile paralysis shows up distinctly in the July report of the vital statistics bureau. In that month there were nine deaths of the disease in the state, greatly above the average.

From all diseases, there were 3,717 deaths and 7,285 births in the state during July. This corresponds to an annual death rate of 14.2 per 1,000 and a birth rate of 27.8.

Next to the infantile paralysis, the chief feature of the report is the number of deaths from the heat. The total deaths in July was responsible for the deaths of 118 persons, and of this number 65 were in Detroit.

Other leading causes of deaths follow: Tuberculosis of the lungs, 175; other tuberculosis, 35; typhoid fever, 32; diphtheria, 45; scarlet fever, 8; measles, 23; whooping cough, 14; pneumonia, 106; enteritis under 2 years of age, 267; meningitis, 23; cancer, 230; and violence 473. There were two deaths from lockjaw and one from pelagra.

There were 722 deaths of infants under one year; 197 between one and four, and 1,075 deaths of persons, 65 and over.

Luce county has the highest birth rate during the month and has the highest mortality rate. Its birth rate was 57.2.

Ann Arbor has the highest birth rate of the cities. Detroit's birth rate was 41 per 1,000 population.

GENESEE COUNTY HAS PLAGUE

Thirteen Cows Die of Hemorrhagic Septicemia Discovered in North Part of State.

Flint—Reports are being received here from veterinarians in the north part of Genesee county of hemorrhagic septicemia discovered in herds at Clio, Montrose, Frankenmuth and Birch Run. Eight head of cows died on the farm of Olin Smith near Montrose where the disease broke out in a herd of 60 animals. Three more have died on a farm near Clio and single cases are reported at Frankenmuth and Birch Run in Saginaw county. Hemorrhagic septicemia is a plague not prevalent in Michigan, but usually is found in the west and southwest. The germ infests pastures. State authorities urge a change of pasture and use of sanitary precaution to prevent its spreading.

Sheriff's Wife Found Sane

Was Sent to the Psychopathic Ward at the University Hospital at Ann Arbor Under Observation.

Muskegon—Mrs. Sarah J. Collins, wife of Sheriff Collins, who is accused of having released two prisoners from the Muskegon county jail and who was placed under observation at the psychopathic ward at the University hospital, upon a finding of two local physicians that her mental condition was doubtful, is sane, according to a report received by Probate Judge E. D. Prescott from Albert M. Barrett, director of the ward and state pathologist. Dr. Barrett, in his report says: "We find patient is suffering from a nervous trouble characterized by very sick headaches of such severity that they incapacitate the patient for about 24 hours in each attack. There is no evidence of any form of mental disease."

MICHIGAN ALLOTTED \$9,552

Secretary Houston of the Department of Agriculture Makes the Allotment to States.

Washington—Tentative allotment of a million dollars for construction and maintenance of roads and trails in national forests was announced by Secretary Houston of the department of agriculture. This would be expended during the present fiscal year out of the \$10,000,000 appropriated by the federal aid road act. Under the terms of the act the states are required to cooperate to the extent of at least 50 per cent of the estimated cost of surveys and construction. Michigan has been tentatively allotted \$9,552.

New York—What was reported to be the largest order for motor trucks placed in this country since the outbreak of the European war, was cable to a New York exporting house by one of the Allied governments. The order amounts to many millions of dollars.

New York—Dr. Daniel C. Potter, who was one of those accused by Mayor Mitchell of libel, perjury and conspiracy, in the recent wire tapping investigation, was found dead of heart failure.

New York—Rev. Charles T. Baylis, head of the Allies' Hospital Relief commission, has been indicted by the grand jury charged with grand larceny.

San Francisco, Cal.—The Pacific Mail Steamship company will re-navigate a San Francisco-Orient steamer service beginning August 27. The house line of the Pacific Mail, the old trans-Pacific service, disappeared from the Pacific-Orient line a year ago with the sale of the fleet, necessitated, it was said, by the operation of the seamen's act.

THE RAILROAD SITUATION

President's Answer to Telegram That He Is a Firm Believer in the Principle of Arbitration.

Washington—President Wilson's conference with ranking officials of the employees threatening a nation-wide strike, are believed by all parties to the controversy to have brought the situation to a point where decisive developments may be expected within a few days.

While the negotiations took no actual step forward, the president replied indirectly to the contention of the railroads that the principle of arbitration would be endangered by his plan for putting the eight-hour basis into effect practicability and passes upon other points at issue.

In a telegram made public at the White House, the president declared he held firmly to arbitration as a principle and that his plan strengthened rather than weakens it. He said also that some means must be found to prevent the existing situation from ever arising again.

Meantime, the road officials, who have tentatively refused to accept Mr. Wilson's proposal, contained conferences among themselves. The labor leaders, who already have approved the proposal, marked time, awaiting a definite decision from the employers.

The President's telegram defending his plan was in reply to an appeal from George Pope, president of the National Association of Manufacturers, urging that the principle of arbitration be preserved in the strike negotiations.

The President's telegram follows: "Allow me to acknowledge receipt of your telegram of August 18 and to say in answer that I hold to the principle of arbitration with as clear a conviction and as firm a purpose as any one, but that unfortunately there is no means now in existence by which arbitration can be secured. The existing means have been tried and failed."

"This situation must never be allowed to rise again, but it has arisen. Some means must be found to prevent its recurrence, but no means can be found off-hand or in a hurry or in season to meet the present national emergency."

"What I am proposing does not weaken or discredit the principle of arbitration. It strengthens it, rather. It proposes that nothing be conceded except the eight-hour day to which the whole economic movement of the time seems to point and the immediate creation of an agency to determine all the arbitrable elements in this case in the light, not of predictions or forecasts, but of established and ascertained facts."

"This is the first stage of the direct road to the discovery of the best permanent basis for arbitration whether other means than those now available are supplied."

MORE WOMEN REPORTED INSANE THAN MEN

Kalamazoo State Hospital Reports for Half of Year Shows 64 Women to Only 5 Men.

Kalamazoo—More women in Michigan became insane during the early part of the summer than did men, according to statistics of the Kalamazoo State hospital. Although the report which has just been issued by the institution only covers admissions to the Kalamazoo hospital, it is taken as indicating general conditions in the state. There were 54 women admitted to the asylum during the first half of the year and only five men. There are now 1,142 men in the asylum and 1,048 women.

BURNED TO DEATH IN HAY MOW

While Wife Saves Stock—Barn Struck By Lightning.

Belleville—Mrs. Louis Wagonback led the horses and stock from a burning barn while her husband burned to death in the hay mow above. She knew that he was up there, where he had gone but a few minutes before to close a window when the electric storm broke. She called to him repeatedly as she led out the stock but did not realize that he had been stunned by the bolt of lightning which set the barn on fire until the upper part of the structure was a roaring furnace of ignited hay. Neighbors recovered the body from which the limbs had been burned. The barn and contents were entirely destroyed.

The Highland Park health department, under the direction of Dr. J. C. Martin, is taking elaborate steps to prevent the spread of infantile paralysis.

New York—Taking with him to Constantinople 100 pounds of Turkish coffee, which is so scarce there now that it costs \$4 a pound, Abram I. Elkus, the newly appointed American ambassador to Turkey, left on board the steamship Oscar II, of the Scandinavian-American line, for his post.

Panama—Major General George W. Goethals, governor of the Panama canal zone, has arrived from the United States. He will resume work immediately and put the affairs of his office in shape preparatory to retiring in December.

London—Miss Eileen Lee, who swam 26 1/4 miles in the Thames river in 10 hours and 17 minutes, is said to have established a new world's record in long distance swimming for women. Miss Lee started at Teddington locks and swam to Wapping and then back to Wey bridge.

London—No person over 15 years old will be permitted to land in Australia after September 1 without a passport issued or approved by British authorities. Persons sailing from foreign countries must have passports from a British consul.

SCANDINAVIAN NEWS

SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS IN FAR OFF NORTHLAND.

ITEMS FROM THE OLD HOME

Resume of the Most Important Events in Sweden, Norway and Denmark—Of Interest to the Scandinavians in America.

There exists in Scandinavia a feeling among government officials and commercial interests that the American people as a whole do not fully comprehend the British blockade.

They assert that in tightening its "ring of steel" around Germany Great Britain has arbitrarily put the three neutral countries of northern Europe "on rations."

The British officials in charge of the blockade permit these countries to have only what the officials think they should have, not what the countries proclaim they need.

In the case of Norway and Denmark the "rations" basis is maintained by agreement. In the case of Sweden it is enforced by British sea power, by means of neutral ships at sea and detention of goods in English harbors.

There are many evidences of increasing resentment against Great Britain on the part of the Swedish people. "The newspapers are beginning to comment more and more freely upon what they say is a practice in violation of all international law—a flagrant misuse of power against the unquestioned rights of weaker nations."

Swedish government officials and Swedish merchants alike do not hesitate to say they have hoped against hope the United States would take a stand in behalf of the neutral countries which would bring about a more reasonable enforcement of the blockade.

They have protested in vain to Great Britain and have endeavored to take such retaliatory steps as were at Sweden's command. But they realize Sweden is in no position and has neither the resources nor the military importance to gain favorable consideration.

Scandinavian newspapers and officials argue that the United States has a most potent weapon to use against the allies to bring about "a more lawful conduct of the blockade." They firmly believe that if the United States government would threaten to forbid the export of munitions of war and to declare unlawful any loans to belligerent nations, England would quickly be brought to terms.

The Scandinavians would be perfectly willing, they say, to let America dictate the conditions of the blockade, if they do not feel they should be left arbitrarily to the will of Great Britain.

One effect of the blockade has been to place food supplies in the hands of speculators who are demanding exorbitant prices for their wares. A great majority of these speculators are said to be Germans. This is particularly true of coffee. No people in all the world love their coffee like the Swedes. Already they are paying practically double the normal price for it with quotations daily leaping upward.

Sweden still is able to get large quantities of coal and briquette fuel from Germany, and it is in exchange for this very essential import that the Swedish government allows the export of iron ores and various food supplies to Germany. German commerce still flourishes in the south Baltic waters, although the recent activities of English and Russian submarines and destroyers sent a thrill of apprehension through the various trading interests.

The second anniversary of the world war was observed August 2 through the whole of Scandinavia. Two hundred peace meetings were held in Denmark and 300 in Sweden. At the churches bells were rung and prayers said for peace.

SWEDEN.

The bodies drifting ashore from the great battle of Skagerrack indicate that many of the men had lived for hours after they had been thrown into the sea. It is now proposed that the Scandinavian governments make an effort to save as many survivors as possible in case another naval battle takes place in the North Sea. This time the Scandinavians did not realize what they might have done in the line of saving lives until it was too late.

The Swedish authorities have declared the Swedish steamer Temis, captured by the Germans, to be no prize. The Temis was brought into Silt, Gotland, owing to an insufficiency of coal. The decision followed the failure of the steamer to leave port within an allotted time. The authorities also ordered the German prize crew to leave the vessel.

The Swedish government has permitted the exportation of 6,000 reindeer to Germany. The Germans have found that it does not pay to import live deer, so it has been deemed best to kill the animals in Sweden and send the food in the shape of smoked meat to Germany.

The Swedish steamer Hindskjyll was torpedoed by a German submarine in the Baltic while on a voyage. The captain, with 12 men of the crew and five women, took to the boats and reached the Swedish coast.

The Swedish steamer Commerces, loaded with 260 standards of batteries, consigned to England, was sunk off Soderhamn by a German submarine. The ship was carrying no contraband, and the Swedish government will file a protest in Berlin against this and other recent attacks on Swedish shipping in the Baltic.

The income and property taxes in Stockholm aggregate about \$5,000,000, which is an increase of \$1,500,000 in one year.

DENMARK.

The International News Service is responsible for this remarkable story: Denmark has been forced to pay a secret indemnity to Germany for failure to maintain strict neutrality. The indemnity exacted is understood to be \$22,000,000. The offense occurred last winter when the Baltic sea was invaded by a submarine. To enter the Baltic sea from the North sea it is necessary to pass through Danish waters, strongly guarded by forts. Germany secured evidence that the English submarines could not have entered the Baltic without permission or connivance of the Danish government. Of all the Scandinavian countries the Danes are the strongest sympathizers with the allies and have the strongest antipathy to Germany. German merchant ships plying between Swedish and east German ports with food, rubber and copper, constituted the only German merchant traffic which the war had not suspended. But the havoc made by the British submarines in the Baltic so terrorized the German and Swedish shipmasters that there was a time when the traffic was at a standstill. When the submarine raids ceased, Germany waited to see whether Denmark would protest to England against the violation of the neutrality of the Sound. There was no protest. A few weeks later a British E-boat asked permission to pass through the Baltic. Permission was given. The E-boat passed through and headed straight for Kiel. This E-boat was a German U-boat in disguise. Its crew consisted of sailors who spoke good English, like the crew of the Deutschland. Crew and officers wore English uniforms. At Kiel they dropped their disguise. Their passage had furnished the German government the evidence of Denmark's willingness to allow what was supposed to be an English E-boat to violate neutrality. Germany thereupon made her demands. According to the best-informed bankers, it was agreed, when Denmark finally consented to pay damages, that the transaction should not be published. It leaked out in a curious way. About two months ago the rate of exchange between Copenhagen and Berlin began to fall sharply. Bankers were puzzled, as there was nothing in the balance of trade to justify it.

The Danish steamer Katholm, a vessel of 1,201 tons, has been sunk by a German submarine in the Mediterranean sea. The crew was saved.

NORWAY.

A bill prohibiting all workers on public conveyances, as well as soldiers and sailors of both the fighting and merchant fleets from consuming intoxicating liquors during their working hours and also six hours before they take up their duties, has been introduced in the storting. It is believed that as the majority of the legislators are in favor of prohibition the bill will become law in a very short time and may possibly lead to prohibition throughout the country. The measure provides for criminal prosecution of offenders against its articles, the first offense being punishable by fine and a repetition by imprisonment for a maximum term of three months and inability to disqualify without possibility of return to public service. Employees on street cars, omnibuses, taxicabs, railroads and passenger boats are to be subject to the provisions of the bill, as well as soldiers and sailors, but the king has the power to grant dispensation to the officers and crews of warships visiting foreign ports where they may have to be entertained by the hosts or have to give entertainments in return. Most of the Norwegian steamship lines already make it a condition of their contracts with their officers and crews that they shall totally abstain from intoxicating liquors during their service.

Restoring an ancient cathedral is the task that has confronted Prof. Olaf Nordhagen, the architect who has practically rebuilt Norway's remarkable relic of the early middle ages—the cathedral at Trondheim. In the course of the centuries original plans have been lost and the appearance of the cathedral at the time it was built has become a matter for conjecture and controversy. What Professor Nordhagen has to do is virtually to construct a new cathedral, and yet keep within the ancient architectural limits. Interest in the restoration of the cathedral has been revived by Macody Lund, who advanced a plan of his own and asked for an opportunity to demonstrate it. The questions raised by Lund, which had to do principally with a metrical system to determine the lines and dimensions of the cathedral, started a controversy which has engaged the attention of architects. When Professor Nordhagen threatened to resign, great numbers rallied to his support and it is now believed that he will be allowed to go forward with the work unhampered by any restrictions of the storting.

The population of Norway April 1, 1916, was 2,516,586.

The people of Fredrikshald celebrated the Fourth of July in their own way. It was mainly a local affair. On July 4, 1916, it was exactly 200 years since King Karl XII of Sweden captured the city. But the citizens set fire to the city, and the Swedes finally had to retire with heavy losses. He returned again early in 1718, but he soon met his death in a manner which the historians have been discussing for two hundred years without results.

When Would He Pray?

When Louise, aged five, first heard a train call at the Union station, Columbus, announce an outgoing train, and the stations at which it would stop, she asked her mother: "Mother, when will that man pray again?"

Perish the Thought.

A little girl is allowed to drink what she thinks is coffee. One evening at dinner someone asked her if she would like to have some cream. The answer was: "Certainly, did you think I would drink naked coffee?"

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Live Stock.

DETROIT—Cattle: Receipts, 2,425. Best heavy steers, \$8@8.75; best handy weight butchers steers, \$7.25@7.75; mixed steers and heifers, \$6.50@7; handy light butchers, \$6@6.25; light butchers, \$5.50@6; best cows, \$6@6.50; butcher cows, \$5@5.75; common cows, \$4.50@4.75; canners, \$3.25@4.25; best heavy bulls, \$6@6.50; hologna bulls, \$5.50@5.75; stock bulls, \$5@5.50; feeders, \$4.50@5.25; stockers, \$5.50@6.50; milkers and springers, \$4@7.50.

Calves—Receipts, 767. Good grades brought \$12@12.50, heavies selling as low as \$6@8.50.

Sheep and Lamb—Receipts, 5,440. Best lambs, \$10.50; fair lambs, \$9.75@10.25; light to common lambs, \$7@9; yearlings, \$8@8.75; fair to good sheep, \$6@8.50; culls and common, \$4.50@5.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 447. Pigs very dull at \$7.50@8; yorkers and heavies brought \$10@10.55.

EAST BUFFALO—Receipts of cattle, 215 cars; prime steers 25c higher; butcher grades 10c higher; choice to prime native steers, \$10@10.60; good to choice, \$9.25@9.50; fair to good, \$8.50@8.75; plain and coarses, \$7.75@8.25; no 1,250 to 1,350 lbs., \$7.75@8.25; Canadian mixed heifers and steers, \$7.50@8; yearlings, dry-fed prime, \$9@10; best handy steers, \$8.50@9; light butchers steers, \$7.75@8; best butchering steers and heifers, mixed, \$7.50@8; western light common heifers, grassers, \$6.50@6.75; best fat cows, \$7.25; butcher cows, \$5.50@6; cutters, \$4.75@5; canners, \$3.50@3.75; common bulls, \$5.50@5.75; good stockers, \$6.50@7; light common stockers, \$6@6.25; feeders, \$7@7.25; milkers and springers, \$6@100.

Hogs: Receipts, 75 cars; market 5 @10c lower; heavy, \$10.60@10.70; yorkers, \$10.60@10.65

HISTORIC CRIMES and MYSTERIES

by
**WALT
MASON**

THE FATE OF THE FORGERS.

On Tuesday morning, March 7, 1775, Mr. Robert Perreau walked into the banking house of Drummond Brothers, at Charing Cross. He was greeted cordially by the bankers, for Mr. Perreau, although merely an apothecary, was a Napoleon among apothecaries, and was a welcome guest at the houses of the great. Within a week the bankers had seen him at Lord Egmont's and Lady Lyttleton's. On the occasion Mr. Perreau was full of business.

Producing as security a bond for \$37,000, signed by William Adair, whose signature would be honored at any banking house, he asked for the loan of \$25,000.

The banking brothers scrutinized the document closely, and Henry Drummond said: "It doesn't look like the signature of Mr. Adair."

"It isn't the signature of William Adair," agreed Robert Drummond. "I have seen his signature a hundred times and know it as well as my own."

"There is no doubt about it," said he. "It is witnessed by Arthur Jones, his solicitor, and by Thomas Stark, his servant."

"It is an easy matter to settle," said Henry Drummond. "Let us go and see Mr. Adair. He is in town now."



"Standing Over Her With an Open Knife Until It Was Done."

If Perreau's heart sank into his boots at this proposition he made no sign. He seemed quite willing, and announced that his coach was at the door. So he and the Drummond brothers climbed aboard and drove to the residence of Adair, the rich army agent. Arrived there, the Drummonds explained the business to Adair, who denounced the bond as a forgery the minute he set eyes upon it.

The Drummonds turned to Perreau and sternly asked him how he came into possession of the bond. By this time the apothecary was uneasy, and a cold sweat was on his forehead. "Send for my sister-in-law," he stammered, "and she will explain."

The sister-in-law, known to society as Mrs. Daniel Perreau, was sent for and soon arrived, a dazzlingly beautiful creature. Although known throughout the town as the wife of Daniel, there never had been a marriage, and her true name was Caroline Rudd. The writers of the period describe her as the prettiest, wittiest and most captivating woman in London. She must have been charming, so many good judges of beauty praised her, but the numerous pictures of her still in existence are disappointing to those who have read the ecstatic descriptions.

Ushered into the Adair residence, the situation was explained to her, and she realized its gravity at once.

"I forged the bond," she said. The bankers didn't think that probable, or even possible, whereupon she asked for a pen and sheet of paper, and dashed off a duplicate of the signature on the bond. By this time Daniel Perreau had arrived, and also a constable, who had been sent for by the bankers. But the constable was sent away. Mrs. Rudd made such an impression upon the Drummonds that they consented to forget the whole occurrence, and the Perreus, with the woman who had saved them, drove away.

Had the Perreus let things rest there, they might have got out of their difficulties. But there were other forgeries afoot, and discovery of the truth might come at any time, so, in order to protect themselves, and arrange for a govt. they went to Bowstreet and laid information against "the female forger." This cowardly attempt to protect themselves at the expense of the woman who had risked everything to save them, deprived them of public sympathy in the time to come, when they needed it most. The judges took the measure of Robert Perreau, and sent him as well as the woman to prison. The next day Daniel Perreau followed them. This Daniel was a great top, who cut a wide swath among the macaronis. He and Robert were twins, and greatly resembled each other in appearance, but Robert was a

keen business man, a money maker, while Daniel was a wastrel. Both brothers were speculating in Exchange Alley, and it was this that led them to forgery.

The story of what followed in the courts is too complicated to be detailed in a brief narrative. Mrs. Rudd, who had been the ally of the brothers, was infuriated by their treachery, and became their bitter enemy. She testified that she did sign the bond, as she had confessed, but did it in fear of her life, Daniel standing over her with an open knife until it was done. She had committed other forgeries under similar conditions. These other forgeries began to turn up, and they totaled an enormous sum.

The public interest in the Perreau case was so great for a year that even the rebellion of the American colonies attracted comparatively little attention. The newspapers were full of the case, and every man who could charter a printing press was busy issuing broadsides. A certain Admiral Frankland, known as "Old Shiver-Me-Timbers," used up gallons of ink assailing Mrs. Rudd, and thereby created sympathy for her, which was the very thing he didn't want to do. And Mrs. Rudd had her champions among the great writers of the time.

In the course of time the Perreau brothers were brought to trial, and their guilt was so evident to the jury, when all the testimony was in, that they were convicted without the waste of a moment, and sentenced to death. Many people believed then, and many argue even at this late day, that the brothers were the dupes of the designing Mrs. Rudd, but this theory didn't appeal to the court.

Being convicted and sentenced, the Perreus were sent back to jail, to await the outcome of the trial of Mrs. Rudd. The fact that she was brought to trial at all was the occasion of much excited criticism at the time, for she had confessed under promise of immunity from punishment. But she appeared in the dock, "brilliant as ever," as Walpole said, and she conducted her own defense to such good purpose that she was acquitted. After her release James Boswell called upon her and had a pleasant talk, and Samuel Johnson said that he would have visited her, too, only that "nowadays everything gets into the newspapers."

Wednesday, the 17th of January, 1775, was bitter cold. The ground was covered with snow and a hoisterous wind shrieked through the streets of

London. Yet thousands of people shivered in the blast for hours that they might see the melancholy procession which presently set out for Tyburn. First there was a hurdle, on which two miserable colliers shivered as the rude contrivance bumped over the stones. Next followed a cart, in which George Lee, the boy highwayman, wearing a crimson coat and a cocked hat, endeavored to convince the populace, by his swaggering airs, that he rather enjoyed an untimely end. He was accompanied by two housebreakers, who wailed and wept all through the journey. Following the cart there was a steady mourning coach, in which sat the Perreau brothers.

The storm had grown worse when Tyburn was reached, so operations were hurried. Daniel and Robert embraced each other and spoke a few affectionate words, and their calm, heroic demeanor was talked of for many a day. They clasped hands on the scaffold, and their hands remained clasped until they were unconscious.

Their punishment, which was out of all proportion to their crime, gave the first impetus to the sentiment against capital punishment for such offenses as forgery and that sentiment led a few years later (though not until the scaffold had claimed Dodd, Founders and other victims) to the repeal of brutal laws and the substitution of more humane ones.

Early Dynamos.
The principle of electro-magnetic induction, on which the operation of the dynamo-electric machine is based, was discovered by Michael Faraday of London in 1831. The first machine to give continuous current was that of Sir Charles Wheatstone, in England, in 1841. One of the earliest successful dynamos was that of Siemens, 1856. Gramme invented the ring winding in 1870.

To Identify Your Trunks.
I have proved the value in peace of mind and convenience of the following idea: I mark my bag or trunks with a mark of red, be it a bit of ribbon or a cord tacked on, so that in identifying my baggage among dozens of others I can instantly point out to the baggage man "that one with the red marker."—New York Evening Sun.

Sure Reward for Work.
Work in every hour, paid or unpaid; see only that thou work, and thou canst not escape the reward; whether thy work be fine or coarse, planting corn or writing epics, so only it be honest work, done to thine own approbation, it shall earn a reward to the senses as well as to the thought.—Emerson.

Anxious Mother.—"It was after nine o'clock when Clara came down to breakfast this morning, and the poor girl didn't look well at all. Her system needs toning up. What do you think of iron?" Father—"Good idea!" Anxious Mother—"What kind of iron had she better take?" Father—"She had better take a flatiron."—Exchange.

Optimistic Thought.
When you obey your superiors you instruct your inferiors.

SAFETY IN TRAVEL

REMARKABLE IMPROVEMENT IN RAILROAD OPERATION.

Few Casualties in 1915 Constitute a Wonderful Record—Number of Accidents Are Showing a Constantly Increasing Reduction.

The annual bulletin concerning railway accidents has been issued by the Interstate Commerce Commission, and the great decrease in fatalities and accidents noted has inspired much comment in engineering circles. It marks, says the Railway Age Gazette, "the greatest improvement in safety of railroad operation ever recorded in a single year." Traffic was exceptionally light in 1915; but the Gazette does not overlook the fact that the number of accidents is always roughly proportionate to the volume of business. The decrease is much greater than could be accounted for by the early industrial depression. As the statistics have put it:

"The total number of passengers killed in 1915, 222, out of approximately a billion carried, was less than for any other year since 1898, when only 798,000 were carried; and the number injured was less than any other year since 1906. The total number of employees killed was less than for any other year since 1898, when there were only about one-half as many employees as in 1915, and the number injured was less than for any other year since 1911."

Moreover, during the last few months of 1915 there was a heavy increase in business on all railroads, especially east of the Mississippi; yet there seems to have been only a slightly longer roster of accidents than usual in November and December. And government figures leave no doubt that the ratio of accidents to volume of business has been steadily reduced in the last decade.

The form of transportation accident in which the railway is essentially to blame is the train accident. Crossing accidents and the killing of trespassers are seldom chargeable to the operating department of the railroad. And the lists of fatalities in train accidents, from the years 1910 to 1915, inclusive, show a steady and most hopeful improvement. In 1910, 932 were killed; in 1911, 867; in 1912, 850; in 1913, 849; in 1914, 626; and in 1915, 410. Taking passengers alone, the reduction exhibits about the same steadiness, there being only one marked fluctuation upwards. In 1910, 421 were killed; in 1911, 356; in 1912, 315; in 1913, 403; in 1914, 265; and in 1915, 222. The total number of fatalities among employees shows also a fairly steady decrease, with a remarkable drop in the last two years. In 1910, 3,383 were killed; in 1911, 3,163; in 1912, 3,235; in 1913, 3,301; in 1914, 2,850; and in 1915, 1,809. These lists do not include those who came by their deaths in what are termed "industrial accidents." There are recorded also parallel reductions in the number of injured among both passengers and employees, the total for 1915 having been less than 100,000. And it is well known that in the last few years the seriousness of the injuries to passengers, at least, has lessened. The crushing, the maiming, the burning that were almost commonplace in the days of wooden cars have given way, as the claims departments of the railways testify, to bruises, fractured bones, and nervous shock. All the factors that have operated to reduce the number of deaths have operated to reduce also the gravity of injuries.

A few of the larger eastern railways have been eminently successful in showing that, so far as passengers are concerned, safety in railway management can be made almost an exact science.

Snake Stopped Express.
A large snake held up the Monon railroad's fast passenger train, the Hoosier Limited, for ten minutes at Dyer, near Hammond. The snake, one of the largest ever seen in that vicinity, crawled into a switch box and cut off the electrical connection that made it possible to operate the switch from the interlocking tower.

When the trainmen investigated they found the big snake fast in the switch. It had been stunned by the current and was easily killed. The snake, it is believed, crawled from the Kanaksee swamp to the tracks and wriggled its way into the switch.—Indianapolis News.

First Railroad in America.
There is plenty of opportunity for controversy in the statement, made by the great-grandfather of Thomas Leiper, which claims that the latter built the first railroad ever constructed in America. This was a short line, a tramway, in fact, built in 1810 at the Leiper quarries, near Chester, Pa. The next tramway to be built, according to this authority, was at Nashua, N. H., in 1825. Then, it is now said, comes the railroad at Quincy, Mass., 1826-27. The fourth was the line at Mauch Chunk, Pa., built a little later, which, since it was no less than nine miles long, eclipsed all the others.—Christian Science Monitor.

Water!
Railroads are among the largest users of water in the country. The figures of C. R. Knowles, superintendent of the water department of the Illinois Central railroad, place the daily water consumption at 1,950,000,000 gallons, at a daily expense of \$100,000.

Sure Cure.
Anxious Mother—"It was after nine o'clock when Clara came down to breakfast this morning, and the poor girl didn't look well at all. Her system needs toning up. What do you think of iron?" Father—"Good idea!" Anxious Mother—"What kind of iron had she better take?" Father—"She had better take a flatiron."—Exchange.

Optimistic Thought.
When you obey your superiors you instruct your inferiors.

GREAT RECORD OF SAFETY

Railroad Has Right to Be Proud of the Achievement of its Highly Efficient Employees.

In 1915, the third successive year in which no passenger was killed in a train accident on the Pennsylvania railroad lines east of Pittsburgh and Erie, 4,304,519 tests and observations were made to determine how well the train operating rules and signals were being obeyed. These tests covered the work of both officers and employees.

The results, which have just been compiled, show that only one error occurred in every 1,110 tests, giving a record of 99.9 per cent of absolute perfection. In four classes of tests, including obedience to various "stop" signals, not a single failure on the part of any employee occurred throughout the year.

An exceptionally high record was made in the observance of rules intended especially for the protection of the employees. These included such matters as precautions in the shifting of trains and also the safety regulations governing men engaged in track work.

In the shifting of trains, 83,941 observations were made, and 17 errors recorded. There were 34,901 tests for obedience to the safety rules for track workmen and in only 73 cases were these rules disregarded in any way. That meant one error in every 4,690 tests. Last year, accidents to employees were reduced 11 per cent.

Only eight failures to follow strictly the rules governing watchmen stationed at grade crossings occurred in the 62,034 instances which were observed last year.

BUILT FOR HEAVY TRAFFIC

Locomotives of Immense Power to Draw Trains Over Mountains in Southern States.

Three locomotives which are said to be the largest ever used in the South were recently delivered to the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis railroad to pull heavy freight trains over Cumberland mountain between Nashville and Chattanooga. The engines are the same in class and size, each being an articulated compound of the superheater type and weighing, with the tender, approximately 635,000 pounds. They have nearly three times the tractive power of the biggest locomotives previously used on the system. It is not intended to put them in service on regular runs, but to use them chiefly at the mountain. They burn soft coal and have carrying capacity for 14 tons. In each case the wheel base of the engine and its tender is slightly less than 86 feet. The locomotives were taken to Atlanta, and in order to reach Chattanooga from there they had to be detoured by way of Birmingham so as to avoid a tunnel which they were too broad to enter.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

Coal Used by Railroads.
Writing in the Rock Island Employers' Magazine recently, D. B. Sebastian discloses a number of interesting facts regarding the huge coal consumption of this representative American railroad, as well as the vast opportunities for economy and careful methods of handling in this branch of railroading. He says that the Rock Island railroad annually requires approximately 100,000 cars of coal to operate its trains. The fuel bill for the year 1915 was \$6,531,592. One shovelful of coal saved out of each ten shovelfuls, which is not a difficult or impossible achievement in view of the existing wasteful methods of firing locomotives, would effect an annual saving of \$653,159.20 without impairing in any way the efficiency of the railroad.

Good Trade.

The Anthony & Northern railroad recently bought four old passenger coaches from the Pennsylvania railroad. While overhauling the cars in the shops at Pratt it was discovered that the ballasting used under the floor of the cars was of chunks and bars of babbit metal instead of the customary short lengths of old railway steel. Before the war the metal was worth a half a cent a pound. Now it is quoted at 15 cents a pound and there are 30,000 pounds in the four cars, valued at about \$5,000, or more than the cars cost the Anthony & Northern. The babbit metal will be sold and steel used in the cars in its stead.—Kansas City Star.

Railroad Development.

Railroading is changing very rapidly and no prophet who is wise will venture a prediction as to what the next development will be.

In 1900 the average number of tons carried in one of our freight trains was 325. This year it is 925.

That seems to mean that we have been able to build stronger cars and engines of greater power to haul them. What it really and principally means is that we have been able to and have been compelled to build better roads, embankments, and bridges to carry the added load.

Street Cars.

In Germany even street cars are in use as ambulances. Capable of carrying eight stretchers, these cars take the sufferers from the railroad station at Dusseldorf to the base hospitals in comparative comfort.

Protecting Lines From Floods.

Chinese flood embankments are protected from floods by planting them with a native grass with tenacious roots that resist erosion.

Explaining Fluency of Speech.

The common fluency of speech in many men and most women is owing to a scarcity of matter and a scarcity of words; for whoever is a master of language and has a mind full of ideas, will be apt in speaking to hesitate upon the choice of both; whereas common speakers have only one set of ideas, and one set of words to clothe them in, and these are always ready at the mouth, so people come faster out of a church when it is almost empty than when a crowd is at the door.—Swift.

LIGHT CRUISERS BATTLE U-BOATS

BRITISH LOSE TWO BOATS AND GERMAN SUBMARINE GOES DOWN.

THIRTY-NINE BRITONS DROWN

British Admiralty Denies Report That Battleship Was Damaged By Torpedoes.

London—Two British light cruisers, the Nottingham and Falmouth, were searching for the German high seas fleet, according to an official announcement issued by the admiralty.

"Reports from our lookout squadrons and other units showed that there was considerable activity on the part of the enemy in the North sea. The German high seas fleet came out, but learning from their scouts that the British forces were in considerable strength, the enemy avoided an engagement and returned to port."

"In searching for the enemy we lost two cruisers by submarine attacks—H. M. S. Nottingham, Captain C. B. Miller, and H. M. S. Falmouth, Captain John Edwards."

"All the officers of the former were saved, but 38 of the crew are missing. All the officers and men of the Falmouth were saved, but one leading stoker, Norman Fry, died of injuries. "An enemy submarine was destroyed and another was rammed and possibly sunk. There is no truth that a British destroyer was sunk and a British battleship damaged."

Berlin Announces Fight.

Berlin, (by wireless to Sayville, N. Y.)—The admiralty announce that a German submarine sank a small cruiser and a destroyer near the British east coast and damaged another small cruiser and a battleship. The statement says:

"A German submarine off the British east coast destroyed a small cruiser and a destroyer of the enemy. Another small cruiser and a battleship were struck by torpedoes and damaged."

WITHDRAW FROM MEXICO

General Funston's Report on Keeping Regulars Over Border.

Washington—State department officials admit that General Funston has recommended that the American troops under General Pershing be withdrawn from Mexico. General Funston's recommendation was contained in a recent report on the military situation made at the request of the war department and designed for use by the joint commission which will discuss border problems.

The recommendation is regarded as the first step by President Wilson toward withdrawing the Pershing expedition. High army officials predict that all American troops would be out of Mexico by September 15.

Secretary of War Baker refused either to deny or confirm the report that the troops were to be withdrawn. "One reason for withdrawing the troops now is stated to be the approach of the rainy season which will make it difficult to keep the troops in good health. It is pointed out that most of the sickness in the army is in General Pershing's command, where the regulars show a much higher percentage of incapacitated men than the unhardened guardsmen who are on American soil."

General Carranza has insisted that the first question to be considered by the commission be the withdrawal of the American troops. President Wilson insisted on broadening the scope of the commission's work to include questions of finance, border patrol and protection of American life and property. The elimination of the main question, the settlement of which caused the suggestion by Carranza of the appointment of the commission, leaves nothing but the secondary questions to be considered.

TELEGRAPH FLASHES

El Paso, Tex.—Promotions and discharges brought cheer to several Michigan men in the Thirty-first regiment. Fourteen privates got their releases and are getting ready for the next train east.

San Francisco—The price of fish in San Francisco will be fixed by a board on which wholesaler, retailer, fisherman and consumer will be represented. The board will meet daily and will fix not only the maximum retail price, but will apportion the price between fishermen and dealers.

Washington—Colonel J. C. White, retired, held up at the German border in Denmark on his way to Rumania to buy supplies for American relief in Serbia, has been permitted by German authorities to continue. The American officer is of English birth.

New York—Danger of another strike on the surface car lines of New York was minimized when it was announced that the car company had decided to arbitrate the question of reinstating employees dismissed because they had been convicted of disorderly conduct during the recent strike.

Washington—A surplus of \$5,200,000 from the postal service during the fiscal year ending June 30, is reported to President Wilson by Postmaster General Burleson.

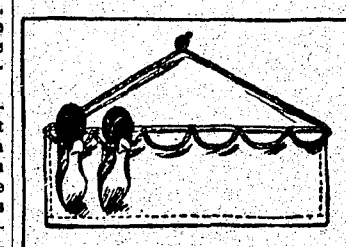
New York—"A prompt, public and open investigation" into the causes of the explosion of munitions on Black Tom Island, which caused several deaths and did property damage estimated at more than \$20,000,000, is demanded of the interstate commerce commission in a petition prepared by the national board of fire underwriters.

RACK FOR BOOTS AND SHOES

Is Simple in Construction and Can Be Made to Hold Any Number of Pairs.

Not only is it better for boots and shoes to be kept off the floor, but it makes a room more tidy if there is some place in which they can be kept by themselves. A rack such as we show here may be made to hold any number of pairs. It is quite simple in construction.

The foundation may either be a piece of wood or a strong piece of cardboard, covered with material such as art linen, serge or cloth. Loops of furniture cord are fixed on as shown either by sewing to the material, or, if the foundation is wood,



Rack for Boots and Shoes.

they may be fixed by brass-headed nails. Cord with a loop in the center is used for suspending rack from the wall.

ARRANGING THE PLATE RAIL

Avoid the Monotony of Continuous Line of Objects of the Same Size.

An attractive way to arrange the plates along a plate rail, to avoid the monotony of a continuous line of objects practically all the same size, is to group the plates by ones, twos and threes, with a space of two feet or so between the groups. For example, a large round plate or oval platter may stand alone; farther along, two plates of the same pattern may stand together, one slightly overlapping the other; after another space there may be a group consisting of one large plate with a small one each side, the small ones very slightly overlapping the large one. Another group of two, a space, then another group of three or a single beautiful plate standing alone, may follow, and so on around the room. The effect is much more restful and the plates are better displayed than when arranged without a definite scheme.

USES FOR TABLE DAMASK

Partly Worn Material Can Be Used for Runners and Dollies for Breakfast Use.

Partly worn table damask can be made into runners and dollies for breakfast use. The border, which hangs over the table, is in good condition, when the center of the cloth is worn. These borders can be used for runners, while the best parts of the centers can be made into square or round dollies.

The dollies should be neatly hemmed and on the right side just above the hem, a fancy stitch, matching the shade of the breakfast china, should be embroidered. A single initial in the same color will make extremely good looking dollies.

The sides of the runner should have a narrow hem, with a row of the fancy stitching on the right side. A deep hem at either end, with a large initial just above it, will give character to the runner.

A breakfast set of this sort could be made in a short time.

Mustard and Green.

Mustard and green are one of the smart combinations of the season. Like all other strong contrasts, this one must be carefully handled. The right shade of mustard has much green in it, just as the right shade of green for this combination has a good deal of yellow.

From the wide belt, placed low, hang two pocket flaps.

In the Days of Superstition.

The earliest record of a witch being burned to death is dated 1275, the witch confessing that she fed her offspring the flesh of babies. At Toulouse, in 1335, 63 persons were accused of being witches, eight of whom were burned and the others imprisoned for life. In 1324: Petronilla de Meida was burned at Kilkenny, Ireland, by orders of the bishop of Ossory. Some 75 years later there were wholesale witch prosecutions at Berne, Switzerland.

A POSTAL CARD

TO THE Discriminating PUBLIC

Hotel Griswold
DETROIT

Cor. Grand River and Griswold Sts.

Welcomes you to its newly decorated rooms, new lobby, new Silver Room, new appointments throughout and

NEW RATES

Rooms formerly.....\$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00
Now.....\$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50

Absolutely the most homelike hostelry in Detroit. Best noonday lunch in the city 50c. Excellent cooking. Perfect Service, Reasonable Rates. Cabaret entertainment, Dancing.

In the heart of the shopping district.

Sincerely
Your Postal

COMB SAGE TEA IN FADED OR GRAY HAIR

If Mixed with Sulphur it Darkens so Naturally Nobody can Tell.

Grandmother kept her hair beautifully darkened, glossy and attractive with a brew of Sage Tea and Sulphur. When over her hair took on that dull, faded or streaked appearance, this simple mixture was applied with wonderful effect. By asking at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," you will get a large bottle of this old-time recipe, improved by the addition of other ingredients, all ready to use, for about 50 cents. This simple mixture can be depended upon to restore natural color and beauty to the hair.

A well-known downtown druggist says, "everybody uses Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound now because it darkens so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied—it's so easy to use, too. You simply dampen a comb of soft brush and draw it through your hair, taking one strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears; after another application or two, it is restored to its natural color and looks glossy, soft and beautiful. This preparation is a delightful toilet requisite. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease."

QUIT MEAT IF YOUR KIDNEYS ACT BADLY

Take tablespoonful of Salts if Back Hurts or Bladder bothers—Drink lots of water.

We are a nation of meat eaters and our blood is filled with uric acid, says a well-known authority, who warns us to be constantly on guard against kidney trouble.

The kidneys do their utmost to free the blood of this irritating acid, but become weak from the overwork; they get sluggish; the eliminative tissues clog and thus the waste is retained in the blood to poison the entire system.

When your kidneys ache and feel like lumps of lead, and you have stinging pains in the back or the urine is cloudy, full of sediment, or the bladder is irritable, obliging you to seek relief during the night; when you have severe headaches, nervous and dizzy spells, sleeplessness, acid stomach or rheumatism in bad weather, get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast each morning and in a few days your kidneys will act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate clogged kidneys; to neutralize the acids in uric acid; to loosen larger sources of irritation, thus ending urinary and bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink, and nobody can make a mistake by taking a little occasionally to keep the kidneys clean and active.

Get the Habit of Drinking Hot Water Before Breakfast

Says we can't look or feel right with the system full of poisons.

Millions of folks bathe internally now instead of loading their system with drugs. "What's an inside bath?" you say. Well, it is guaranteed to perform miracles if you could believe these hot water enthusiasts.

There are vast numbers of men and women who, immediately upon arising in the morning, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it. This is a very excellent health measure. It is intended to flush the stomach, liver, kidneys and the thirty feet of intestines of the previous day's waste, sour bile and indigestible material left over in the body which if not eliminated every day, become food for

Crawford Avalanche

O. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months......75
Three Months......40

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice at Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, AUG. 24

Burton-Simpson Wedding.

A wedding of exquisite appointments was that held at the Methodist Episcopal church last evening, when Miss Irene Burton became the bride of Mr. Harry Simpson. Rev. Frank Copeland of the Episcopal church of West Branch performed the ceremony, using the ring service, which was witnessed by about one hundred and fifty guests.

The church for the occasion, bore a summer air, it being a latticed arbor of southern arbutus, which was intertwined with pink and white roses, and looked very beautiful.

Before the bridal party entered the church, J. Fred Alexander sang very nicely "The Sunshine of Her Smile," by Lillian Ray. Immediately afterward, to the strains of Mendelssohn's wedding march, beautifully rendered by Arthur Fournier, the bridal party entered the edifice. First, looking very pretty in dainty white net frocks came little Margaret and Ella Hanson, as flower girls, carrying white ivory French baskets filled with pink sweet peas and roses. At the same time the groom and best man, Carl Johnson, entered from the front of the church and took their places. Miss Edna McCullough as bride's maid came next, prettily attired in pink georgette crepe, made with ruffles and tulle. She wore a smart picture hat of black panne velvet with pink facing, and carried a large bouquet of pink roses tied with pink tulle. Next leaning on the arm of her father, who gave her away, came the bride, who was most beautifully gowned in white georgette crepe trimmed with lace and made very simple with tulle, and with a court train of pussy willow tulle. A tulle veil fastened about her head with lilies of the valley, completed her costume. She carried a shower bouquet of Easter lilies and tiny pink roses. The Messrs. Lewis Burton, Roy Milnes and Emerson Bates acted as ushers.

After the ceremony, Mr. Fournier played Lohengrin's wedding march as the bridal party and guests left the church to go to Danabod hall, where a reception was held. Here in the receiving line was the bridal party, the parents of the bride, and the mother and sister of the groom. Clark's orchestra rendered many beautiful selections during the evening. After congratulations were extended to the happy couple, the guests were invited to the dining room of Danabod hall, where a dainty two-course luncheon was served by the Misses Nellie Shanahan, Augusta Kraus, Marie Foreman, Hattie Gierke, Fern Armstrong, Helen Bingham, Erdine McNeven, Agnes Havens and Wilda Palling. The bridal table was centered with a large glass basket with pink and white roses and sweet peas, and at each place was a wedding bell. The tables for the guests looked very pretty with bouquets of pink and white asters.

Many beautiful and costly gifts of cut glass and silver were received by the bride and groom.

The out-of-town guests included Mr. and Mrs. James Hartwick, Miss Jennie Ingley, of Detroit; Mrs. Lucien Fournier and Arthur Fournier, of Royal Oak; Mrs. A. P. Grommesch, of North Yakima, Wash.; Mrs. Sarah Phelps, Mrs. Fred Ayers, Mrs. George Horning and Mrs. R. L. McPeak, of Bay City; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. S. Chalker and Edwin Chalker, of Waters; Mr. and Mrs. Holliger, of Cleveland; Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Jerome, of Detroit; Mrs. Lillian Bates-Barritt, of Cadillac.

The happy couple left on the midnight train for Detroit, from where they will go for a boat trip to Duluth and other points, and after September 1, will be at home to their friends at the home of the groom on Chestnut street.

Mrs. Simpson is the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Burton and has spent her entire life in Grayling. She attended the Grayling high school and studied art at Alma college for a couple of years.

Mr. Simpson is the only son of Mrs. Simpson and the late Milton Simpson, and is manager of the enterprising grocery store of M. Simpson Estate of this city.

The happy couple have hosts of friends in Grayling, who wish for them a happy and prosperous future.

Passed Teachers' Examinations.

The following persons successfully passed the teachers' examinations held at the school house in this city two weeks ago:

Second grade certificates: Libbie Malco and Gene Hess Waterman.

Third grade certificates: Flora Stephan, Flossie Richardson and Golda Peaslee.

Cure for Cholera Morbus.

"When our little boy, now seven years old, was a baby he was cured of cholera morbus by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea remedy," writes Mrs. Sidney Simmons, Fair Haven, N. Y. "Since then other members of my family have used this valuable medicine for colic and bowel troubles with good satisfaction and I gladly endorse it as a remedy of exceptional merit." Obtainable everywhere.

For Governor

☒ Frank B. Leland

Boarding Houses Wanted.

Any person, who desires to take boarders will kindly communicate with G. F. Brendlinger, A. E. in care of duPont company, stating how many boarders they can accommodate and a rate per week for board and room. All boarders will be guaranteed. In replying, state whether or not, you have modern conveniences.

Lovells.

Chas. Lee returned to Lovells Monday from Coral, Mich., where he was in attendance at his father-in-law's funeral.

A. Nephew, B. Boutell, E. Parker, E. Pierce and C. Stillwagon were in Grayling, Saturday, as owing to the extreme heat, the mill shut down Saturday noon.

Mrs. Clarkson enjoyed a short visit with her aunt from Flint one day last week.

C. Sorenson with two other men are painting and decorating the school house, preparing for the first Tuesday of September, when school will commence with Mrs. Edie Henry of Twinning as teacher.

Norman Kennedy, wife and son and Mr. and Mrs. L. Pierce of Mio spent Sunday here with relatives and friends.

A large number of Lovells people enjoyed the bathing and outing at the lake Sunday.

George Leykauf, Mr. Waldorf, Mr. and Mrs. Poch Elton and Mr. and Mrs. Rolfe, all of Detroit, who are at the Leykauf cottage were entertained at a six o'clock dinner at the North Branch Outing club.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Jerome of Grayling and Mr. and Mrs. Benj. Jerome and son, of Detroit, enjoyed a chicken dinner at the North Branch Outing club, Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Graham with a party of 14 took supper at the North Branch Outing club, Saturday.

Henry Bauman of Grayling was a Lovells caller Tuesday.

The Coddingtons are at their cottage for the remainder of the season.

Arnold Boutell and family are now occupying their new cottage.

Miss Mabel Redhead of Colorado, who has been visiting her parents at their home on the main stream, left Monday for Grand Rapids for a short visit, before leaving for Colorado.

Herman Smith, with a party from Detroit, caught a fine rainbow Monday. It weighed 2½ lbs.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Eschman, and daughter, Bertha and son Charles and wife and baby were entertained Monday at the North Branch Outing club. The occasion being the 3rd wedding anniversary for Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Eschman. A fine chicken dinner was served them at 5:00 o'clock and the evening spent in listening to the music furnished by Mr. Eschman and son.

Mrs. Sadie Miller returned to her home in Tiffin, Ohio, Saturday.

John Largent spent Sunday with his wife and family in West Branch.

Methodist Episcopal Church Notes.

Services are held every Sunday in the M. E. church Grayling. Morning service at 10:30; Evening at 7 o'clock.

Come and join with us in worship. The fourth quarterly Conference will be held on Friday evening, at 8 o'clock in the M. E. church. Rev. John Dysant, the district superintendent will give an address, and preside at the meeting.

Note: A pot luck supper will be served prior to the meeting, by the Ladies of the Aid society. Come and partake. Time 6:30 o'clock.

A cordial welcome is extended to you.

NOTICE.

The citizens of Grayling are hereby notified that now is the time to cut your weeds—before the seeds ripen and fall. Kindly destroy all weeds on your premises at once. By order of Street Committee of Village Council.

LATEST IN FISH STORIES

Man Claims to Have Caught Large Gold Fish in a Net in Lake Erie.

Port Clinton, O.—The latest thing in fish stories involves the catching of a gold fish that measures 12 inches in length, by Rutherford Hayes in one of his nets in the lake. It is the largest fish of its kind ever caught here and is thought to have escaped from a park aquarium, possibly at Belle Isle.

A few days ago a couple of gold fish were landed here, but they were much smaller and did not have the real gold color.

This fish is still alive. It is on exhibition.



Mrs. Ager—My husband always takes a day off when he has a birthday.

Mrs. Kutting—When you have one I reckon you take a couple of years off.

PROMINENT MEN

Lord Dalketh, eldest son of the duke of Buccleuch, is heir to more acres of land than any other man in England.

Hudson Maxim, the noted inventor, has an artificial left arm, having lost his good one while experimenting with explosives.

Henry C. Frick, the steel magnate, is an enthusiastic golfer, and never misses an opportunity to spend a few hours on the links.

Major Gregson is the youngest major in the British army, having been given that rank before he was twenty-three years of age.

Quakers are exempt from military duty under the British compulsion bill, their religion forbidding them to bear arms or take life.

President Poincare of France has made a collection of photographs of English soldiers who have won the Victorian Cross.

Sir Felix Schuster of England has a collection of autographed photographs of famous singers and other musical artists.

England is now employing over 1,000,000 men as munition workers, while in Germany it is claimed that only 750,000 are at work.

SAWED-OFF SERMONS

It is a pity that a man can't get a pair of suspenders that will hold up his reputation as well as his trousers.

A woman's hair may be her crowning glory just now, but later it will be supplanted by her Easter bonnet.

Of course, other women do it, but we have often wondered if a minister's wife ever asked him to pray for her.

Many a man who poses as a public benefactor never thinks of giving his wife a dollar for her own personal use.

Many a man who boasts of calling a spade a spade would pass a snow shovel by without being able to recognize it.

Thermometers are innocent-looking things, yet they have made hopeless lars of countless thousands of otherwise good men.

Two watch chains on a young man's vest is about as much evidence of a watch as parting his hair in the middle is of brains.

A FEW "IFS"

If a vessel is a boat a blood-vessel must be a lifeboat.

If a girl has a blind beau she must have a spark of feeling.

If a man has a bee in his bonnet he is reasonably sure of a lively-hood.

If a lover of books is a bookworm a lover of silks must be a silkworm.

If G. Washington was never asked by a fond mother what he thought of her auto baby, it may be true that he never told a lie.

TERSE VERSE—BAD OR WORSE

The shapely woman on parade may or may not be self-made.

Some folks who are to riches born don't know a bunion from a corn.

All men are pessimistic quite when the tax collector comes in sight.

I could say bright things to fill a tub, but to think them up—aye, that's the rub.

WISDOM OF A WIDOW

Eve had the best husband in the world at that time.

All men are good—good for something, or good for nothing.

A bachelor knows about three times as much as a spinster thinks he knows.

It's a great thing to discover that God never wears out.

It would give a small nervous prostration to see some of you move.

A man won't fall down again on the same banana skin unless he's a fool.

The Jack-of-all-trades will never earn a living for himself, let alone any girl who's fool enough to marry him.

God never goes up against a job that he has to quit because he can't finish.

No man ever reached forth his hand to steal that the thief in him didn't steal first.

Liver Trouble.

"I am bothered with liver trouble about twice a year," writes Joe Dingman, Webster City, Iowa. "I have pains in my side and back and an awful soreness in my stomach. I heard of Chamberlain's Tablets and tried them. By the time I had used half a bottle of them I was feeling fine and had no signs of pain." Obtainable everywhere.

"Currie for Congress"

BICKERINGS OF A BACHELOR

Men suffer untold privations, but women always tell them.

Sometimes it makes a man hot when you hand him cold facts.

One sure thing about women is that you can't be sure of them.

The world seems all the brighter to lovers when the light is dim.

Married men are henpecked and bachelors are chickenpecked.

If a man has plenty of money he can afford to marry for love.

Kissing as a theory is far less satisfactory than a practical example.

Lots of men would be glad to work—if they could find someone to work.

Of course a woman always has the last word—and incidentally about 98 per cent of the preceding conversation.

There is no law to restrain a woman from kissing a pig dog—but just the same it's a mean advantage to take of the dog.

A woman may be a good talker and still have a slight impediment in her thoughts.—Indianapolis Star.

OLD GEN. GROUCH SAYS—

If you pay as you go these days you stay at home.

Every woman in an opera box looks like a Lady Godiva.

Sympathy costs nothing unless you sympathize with a widow.

If you are present it is a toast. If you are absent it is a roast.

Figures do not lie because women hang them up in the closet.

There's no such thing as a good man gone wrong; it is only a bad man found out.

You pick out a woman you think is a steady roadster and she proves to be a little runaway.

Don't kick a man when he is down. You don't know how tall he may be when he stands up.

Every woman can hammer nails like lightning—which doesn't strike twice in the same place.

If you see black hand prints on the bathroom towel you may be sure your small boy has "washed" his hands.

SOME DAY SOMEBODY WILL—

Invent something without claiming that it will revolutionize the world.

An artist will draw a funny picture without depicting anyone in it getting hurt.

Some man will tell his wife he wished she could cook as well as his mother. No man has dared to do it yet.

Some George Washington of a newspaper reporter will describe a wedding without writing that the "bride was charming."

Write a problem play in which the problem will be about finances or theology or something fit for family discussion.

There will be a waiter with enough human intelligence to take your order, which will include a demand for a cup of coffee with the viands, and to bring that coffee, instead of waiting twenty minutes and then asking if you will have coffee.

FROM OUR NEW PRIMER

What is the man doing?

What would a wise man do?

Why do you call him a fool man?

Because it is un-wise to look a gift horse in the mouth.

A wise man would sell the horse for what he could get and let the other chap look.

Someone presented the fool man with a horse and he is looking in its mouth to try and ascertain its age.

HOW TO BE HAPPY

Do not expect too much from your friends.

Make whatever work that comes to you congenial work.

Retain your illusions, and do not believe all the world wicked and unkind.

Keep your nerves well in hand and inflict them on no one.

Relieve the miserable and sympathize with the sorrowful.

Do not waste your vitality in superfluous and energetic talking, especially in gossip.

Do not forget that kind words and a smile cost nothing, but are priceless treasures to the discouraged.

The Best Laxative.

To keep the bowels regular the best laxative is outdoor exercise. Drink a full glass of water half an hour before breakfast and eat an abundance of fruit and vegetables, also establish a regular habit and be sure that your bowels move once each day. When a medicine is needed take Chamberlain's Tablets. They are pleasant to take and mild and gentle in effect. Obtainable everywhere.

POSTSCRIPTS

An electrical heating attachment for automobile wind shields has been invented to keep portions of them dry and clear while rain is falling on them.

So that painters can do striping accurately a tool has been invented that resembles dividers, one leg consisting of a fountain pen to hold paint and the other serving as a guide.

German motion picture makers are providing films of noted conductors leading orchestras in playing certain compositions which can be displayed to lead any orchestra in the same music.

By experiments with dogs kept awake for several days two French scientists demonstrated that both nerve cells and muscles lack oxygen when tired and secrete a poisonous acid.

A Nebraska farmer eleven years of experiments has invented a device that enables a user of a party telephone line to identify any other subscriber who may be listening to his conversation.

No waiters appear in the dining room of a new French hotel, the guests telephoning their orders from their tables, to which the food is delivered from a kitchen below by electric elevators.

HERE AND THERE

Practically every Japanese follows the trade of his father.

There are over three hundred daily newspapers in France.

The tip of the tongue is the most sensitive part of the human body.

In a hurricane blowing at 80 miles an hour the pressure on each square foot of surface is 3½ pounds.

The Vatican, the palace of the pope, contains no less than 1,000 halls and rooms, and covers 14 acres of ground.

Guinea pigs are born with all their fur, their eyes open and with sufficient teeth to enable them to eat solid food at once.

In times of peace the Italian army consists of under 275,000 of all ranks; in war she can call on close to three million men.

SAYS THE OWL

Set a bad example and it will hatch out mischief.

Courage is a thing that enables us to forget our fears.

Patent leather shoes never remain as black as they are polished.

Human nature makes us attribute the success of others to chance.

A narrow mind overlooks a charitable act and looks for the motive.

Some men who pay their bills promptly expect a lot of credit for it later.

GLOBE SIGHTS

A man can't become efficient by spending all of his working hours talking about efficiency.

When it is said of a man that "he means well," that is an indication that he isn't doing very well.

Short skirts also reveal that there are a number of girls who aren't properly built to wear them.

The number of unemployed would be less if there weren't so many men in search of light employment.

Do your work as well as possible, and remember that is the way bushers break into the big league.

It is the hardest work in the world to look pleasant when you feel mad enough to bite a nail in two.

An optimist may be described as a person who believes that a wolf is going to be captured during a big wolf hunt.—Atchison Globe.

FROM THE PENCIL'S POINT

It's always to a man's credit to pay cash.

"What's yours?" is a question that usually provokes a smile.

And occasionally a wife can read her husband like a blank book.

Many a charity fund owes its success to a competition of vanity.

Methusalem had the distinction of being the original grand old party.

It is useless to try to get a small boy to work while a brass band is passing.

Making other folks miserable is one enjoyment of the victim of chronic dyspepsia.

Use the Avalanche want column for results.

An Unusual Offer.

Mr. A. M. Lewis is instructed to sell Dr. Navaun's Kidney Tablets under this guarantee: "That after you have used them for ten days for backache, rheumatism or nervousness, and you are not pleased with the results, return the balance of the package to Mr. Lewis and he will refund your fifty cents." A. M. Lewis, your druggist.

Pleasing the People

That is our hobby

Our one great effort is to please you, to please each and every one of our customers, and by so doing to secure one of the most valuable of all advertisements—new customers through the good words they speak of us to their friends. This is a frank statement, possibly a little out of the ordinary, but it is a fact, and it is bringing us new patrons every day. It pays us and it pays our customers—AND BRINGS US NEW ONES.

Our Groceries

Are kept clean and fresh and we stand back of their quality; they are A-1.

Our Stock of Dry Goods

is complete and we want you to come in and see the many fine things we have on sale.

Our Shoe Department

Comfort, durability and good appearance are the prime features in our shoe department.

You will always be welcome at our Rest Room

Salling, Hanson Co.

The Pioneer Store

At that, the college student who picked the football coach as the chief figure in a university may not have been so far off.

Considering the narrow escapes reported of the kings and princes on the field, it must be conceded that there is some royal road to safety.

There's no question that a Nicaraguan canal would come in handy during the 11 months and 29 days on which the Panama ditch isn't working.

If a man is liar enough to flatter you, you'll set 'em up. If he is candid enough to tell you the truth about yourself, you'll smash him in the eye.

The laundries are warning their patrons that they will no longer be responsible for garments that fade because of inferior dyes. Drat this war!

It is all very well to provide the amateur ball player with accident insurance, but why not give him some assurance that his backer will pay his salary?

On account of the scarcity of dyes it is said white is likely to prevail in men's summer clothes. We don't mind that just so that they don't put lace on 'em.

If you are feeling a little superlative, call your girl "dearest" if you like, but you will find her still dearer when you take the job of buying her hats away from the old man.

Having contracted what is apparently an incurable case of locomotor shoe leather, we belong to the fogies who regard a safety pin as a more valuable

Press for "Currie for Congress"

Newspapers Endorse Mr. Currie's Candidacy in Highest Terms—14 out of 18 Papers That Have Expressed a Preference for Congressman Have Declared for Midland Man

GRANT SLOCUM SAYS:
"From my own personal experience in connection with legislation in this state, I believe that Mr. Currie has done as much, or more, than any other man toward the enactment of the beneficial laws which have been passed during his service in the legislature, and I believe the interests of all the people of the Tenth District will be best served by his election."

BAY CITY TRIBUNE
Midland's candidate for congress, even before his formal announcement, has been attracting considerable attention in the Tenth District, and in a discussion of the outlook for a warm congressional contest, the Bay City Tribune said in part:
"Gilbert A. Currie is a great deal stronger in all sections of the district than he was two years ago. Political fortunes against him before are apparently with him now. It is said that western counties stand solidly behind him this year, whereas in 1914 he was obliged to split the vote with George A. Glerum of Ewart. Bay county's heavy Loud majority sent Loud to Congress. But the present congressman is now up against almost the same situation as Currie coped with in the last campaign. The district split has shifted from the west to the east. There is considerable Currie sentiment in Bay county, and the Midland county candidate anticipates polling harder here than he did before. The additional fact that Midland county has some 1500 voters more than it had before is an advantage which cannot be overlooked. All is harmonious this year. Midland county is determined to put a Midland man in the Congress of the United States."—The Midland Republican.

THE MIDLAND SUN
Midland County for the first time in its history is wholeheartedly supporting a local candidate for congress, whose success is increasingly assured. Gilbert A. Currie is a native son. He has served the county through the various grades from Supervisor to Representative in the Legislature. His career has been marked by a sincere interest in his constituents, a tenacious and tireless disposition to master the details of public interest, a willingness to consider all sides of public questions and an unquestioned gift for leadership. He is a courageous leader, who stands squarely on principle, but retains an open mind, a progressive spirit and a disposition to work fairly with all men. His ability in making and keeping friends is a rare one, but is not so rare as the gift of retaining the respect and often



winning the support of those who have differed with him on public questions, not by cleverness in maneuvering but by open and fair courtesy and consideration.

THE MECOSTA NEWS
The Mecosta News of Thursday, August 3, said:
"Currie for Congress is a sentiment which grows stronger every day in all parts of the district. Currie is a man who fights for what he and his supporters, the people, believe to be right and just, and keeps on fighting until results favorable to the cause are obtained."

OSCEOLA CO. HERALD-CLARION
Mr. Currie is a young man in the prime of life, has the courage of his convictions and is ready to back an answer with a definite yes or no.

Boru on a farm and in intimate touch with the interests of farmers; required by his circumstances from boyhood to hustle for himself, hence in active sympathy with all workers, he has that knowledge of the needs of the great class of our citizens and sympathy with their difficulties which especially fits him to represent them in congress. While not yet 34 years of age, he has had a varied experience of advancement. His success in the state legislature is almost without parallel. No appeal was ever taken from his decisions while he served as Speaker of the house representatives and it is generally conceded that he made one of the best speakers it has ever produced.

It is therefore a pleasure for the publishers of this publication to come out flat-footed for Mr. Currie and work for his nomination.

THE CLARE SENTINEL
Gilbert A. Currie of Midland is a remarkable man when one considers his achievements in the fact of all the discouragements he has had to meet. With no powerful or influential friends to aid, by sheer force of his own pluck and determination he has risen rap-

idly and has made good in every position to which he has aspired. Coming from the farm he knows the farmer's problems and needs. With an experience of several terms in our state legislature, some of our most meritorious laws are due to him. As Speaker of the house so ably and impartially did he discharge his duties that not one of his decisions were called in question. And all this was accomplished before the age of 34.

We like Mr. Currie for a whole lot of reasons. We admire a man who makes his way in the face of great obstacles, who indeed makes these obstacles stepping stones, to success. We admire a man who has clean-cut convictions on the great moral questions confronting us and who is not afraid to say right out loud what those convictions are.

With not an unkind thing to say about the other two candidates, we believe Mr. Currie can be of more service to this district than either of them. We believe he ought to win and will.

THE HERALD-TIMES AND OGEWAW REPUBLICAN
The Herald-Times and Ogemaw Republican of Thursday, August 3, said in part:

"We believe in the candidacy of Mr. Currie for congress and know that if he is nominated and elected that the farming interests of Ogemaw county will be well taken care of."

THE GRAND RAPIDS NEWS
The Grand Rapids News at the close of the 1913 session of the Michigan legislature said:

"The people of Michigan owe Gilbert A. Currie of Midland, speaker of the house of representatives, a vote of thanks for the able manner in which he presided over the legislative assembly. The speaker deserves a great share of the credit for making the last session the most profitable one to the state that has been held in a quarter of a century."

LANSING STATE JOURNAL
The Lansing State Journal, July 22, 1914, said in part:

"Any statesman with the qualities which Michigan knows Mr. Currie possesses is needed in the service of the state at Washington. It falls to the lot of the tenth district to take advantage of an opportunity to send this kind of a man to congress."

"For the sake of the state at large, which is judged at Washington by the calibre of the men who represent it, it is to be hoped that the tenth district nominates and elects Gilbert A. Currie."



In connection with the Kindergarten Training Department of the State Normal College at Ypsilanti, a free Kindergarten is maintained. The above photo shows a group of tots ready for the start home from the class room.



A group of the students in the Manual Training department of the Ypsilanti State Normal College.

GIRLS WASH WHITE POODLES

One Way Women Earn Money to Help Pay Way Through Kansas University.

Lawrence.—The task of self-support among the women students of the University of Kansas includes everything from cooking for harvest hands to washing little white dogs while in school. The most common method in practice is doing housework for faculty women. One woman who is especially anxious to get along without financial aid works for a professor's family while she is in school and spends her vacations helping the farmers' wives cook for harvesters.

The women who can do good stenographic work are in great demand by the professors. Women also do a great deal of typewriting for other students. A few turnish themselves with a little pocket money by playing the piano for gymnasium classes. Another solved the problem of making money last vacation by making pennants for the Santa Fe railroad. Two roommates who wanted to decorate their rooms but lacked the funds have been giving a little white dog a bath once a week, netting them \$2 a month.

FARM IN FAMILY 169 YEARS

Last of Descendants of Thomas Scott at Bennington, Vt., Is Dead.

Bennington, Vt.—When the body of Miss Helen C. Scott, eighty-three, was taken to the old Bennington cemetery the continuous occupancy of the Scott farm and house by Samuel Scott and his descendants for a period of 169 years came to an end.

Samuel Scott was a native of Sunderland, Mass., and was well along in years when he came to Bennington in 1747. He built a log house and began clearing the land of its heavy timber.

The farm passed into the possession of his son, Phineas, who in 1769 built the house which now stands on the property.

From Phineas the farm descended to his son, Henry, who died in 1883, leaving two sons and two daughters, the last of whom has now died. The farm will become part of the estate of Ben Venue of James C. Colgate of New York.

REFUSES TO LEAVE JAIL

Frank McLaughlin Says It Is the Best Job That He Ever Had in His Life.

Muncie, Ind.—Albert O'Hara, sheriff, is still trying to "pry loose" Frank McLaughlin from the county jail.

A friend paid McLaughlin's fine, but he steadfastly refuses to leave the jail until his sentence has been served, the sentence being for 11 days.

"I never had a better job than this," said McLaughlin. "All I have to do is a little scrubbing out in the morning and I have a good, warm place in which to sleep and a good place in which to eat and have plenty of things to eat in the bargain. Believe me, Sheriff O'Hara is the best landlord I've ever known."

institutions, to widen the field of human endeavor, to bring into closer union employer and employee; to promote jointly the welfare of capital and labor; to remedy existing evils and guard against future wrongs; to maintain peace among ourselves and all nations; these are some of the serious questions that are sure to demand the attention of congress in the near future more profoundly than ever before.

Without egotism I may confidently say that in the past I have given my best thought to these and similar problems, keeping solely in view the greatest good to the greatest number, and the highest welfare of our own United States.

Sincerely yours,
GEO. A. LOUD.

Don't Neglect The Kidneys.

Do you take a kidney tablet once in a while, the same as you do a cathartic? If you don't, you should, because he kidneys are blood filters and need cleaning themselves the same as your bowels. Dr. Nava's Kidney Tablets are for this purpose and are for sale at Mr. Lewis' store. Samples will be sent on request by the Botanic Drug Co., Detroit, Mich.



ALBERT E. SLEEPER
of Bad Axe
For Governor

Albert E. Sleeper should get your vote at the primary.

Because He's a Michigan man grown from a New England boy.

He has western vision and strength to do big things; and Yankee commonsense and thrift.

Where he's known he is the trusted friend and financial advisor of the community.

If you want to know about him ask the boys he's helped through school, the people whose homes he's saved from foreclosure, the business men he's started—and those he's carried through financial troubles.

They are as one for "Uncle Bert"—24 hours a day. Ask them.

Also remember he cleaned up the Glazier mess in the State Treasury.

He kept each dollar where it belonged.

He made the depository banks give bonds to secure our money.

He issued public statements so you and I could tell what money we had in Lansing.

The people of the "Thumb Country" are for Sleeper, not because he lives there, but because they know the man, his friendliness, his common sense, his integrity, his ability.

Vote for him Aug. 29.

You will be glad you did when you know him—[Besides hets a winner.]

For Representative,

Melvin A. Bates

Ex-Postmaster of Grayling

Chairman County Board of Supervisors

Next Tuesday is Primary Election
Vote for the Best Man

Have you ever said that: "When I vote I shall vote for the BEST man." Then, if that is true, you will vote for MELVIN A. BATES, candidate for Representative.

You citizens of Presque Isle district who know how to judge the qualities of men; who appreciate high standard of manhood, coupled with a keen brain and a mind that knows how to detect the essential things of life and overlook the petty things that only help to make the life more miserable, will need no further introduction of Mr. Bates than has already been made thru these columns.

Forest fires during the month of July and early August have kept him busy. Nearly all the head fire wardens of Michigan were right here in Grayling township, county of Crawford, fighting fires. They needed men to assist. Who should provide them? The Supervisor of the township, if he is worthy of the office. This is Mr. Bates' home township and he is its supervisor. While his opposing candidate was out campaigning every day, Bates was at home doing his duty. He is more sorry than anyone else because he has not been able to spend more time among you.

If the people of every county knew him as do the people at home, he wouldn't even need to get out any campaign advertising. He would get the votes and nobody could stop him.

As it is those who have not made his acquaintance may only know him by the facts that have been told of him thru the newspaper advertising that has been presented in his behalf.

Now it is up to you. Do you want this splendid citizen to represent you in the State Legislature? If so, please vote for him next Tuesday.

Grayling, Aug. 19th, 1916.

BATES WILL WORK FOR EVERY HONEST AND LEGITIMATE INTEREST OF THE PRESQUE ISLE DISTRICT

County Clerk's Office Crawford County

The following is a list of Names of Candidates to be voted on in Crawford County, at the coming Primary Election, as certified to by the Secretary of State and as filed with the County Clerk of said County.

Dated August 6-1916. John J. Niederer, County Clerk

William H. Hill	United States Senator	Republican
Charles E. Townsend	" " "	"
John T. Windship	" " "	Democrat
John Y. Johnson	" " "	Prohibition
Gerrit J. Diekema	Governor	Republican
Washington Gardner	"	"
Frank B. Leland	"	"
Albert E. Sleeper	"	"
Sybrant Wessellus	"	Democrat
Chas. H. Bender	"	Prohibition
E. W. Woodruff	"	"

Frank P. Bohn	Lieutenant Governor	Republican
Luren D. Dickinson	"	"
William D. Gordon	"	"
David E. Heueman	"	"
Robert Y. Ogg	"	"
John P. Kirk	"	Democrat
John F. Easley	"	Prohibition

Gilbert A. Currie	Congressman 10th Dist.	Republican
George A. Loud	" " "	"
Roy O. Woodruff	" " "	"

Miles M. Callaghan	State Senator 28th Dist.	Republican
Duncan McRae	" " "	"
John M. Perry	" " "	"
William H. Caple	" " "	Democrat

Melvin A. Bates	Representative Presque Isle Dist.	Republican
Nelson G. Farrier	" " "	"

Oscar Palmer	Judge of Probate	Republican
George Mahon	"	"
William H. Cody	Sheriff	"
John J. Niederer	County Clerk	"
Edward S. Houghton	County Treasurer	"
Allen B. Failing	Register of Deeds	Republican
Peter E. Johnson	"	"
Ernest P. Richardson	"	"
Glen Smith	Prosecuting Attorney	Democrat
George L. Alexander	Circuit Court Comm.	Republican
Stanley N. Insley	Coroner	"
James A. Leighton	"	"
Edward S. Houghton	County Surveyor	"

To Glen Smith, Pros., Atty.
Grayling, Mich.

Dear Sir:

This is to certify that the Nat., Progressive Party, the Socialist Party nor the Socialist Labor Party have filed Petitions of Candidates with the Secretary of State, nor with the County Clerk, nor has there been a call filed by any of these Parties for the State Convention, nor the dates fixed for the County Conventions, nor any certificate of apportionment of Delegates been filed by any of them, with the Board of Election Commissioners.

Question: Will the said Board of Election Commissioners, prepare and print BLANK BALLOTS for said Parties for the next Primary Election? Your official opinion is respectfully asked for.

The Board of Election Commissioners
John J. Niederer, County Clerk

Mr. John J. Niederer, Clerk Crawford County,
City.

Dear Sir:

In reply to your inquiry relative to blank ballots to be prepared by the Board of Election Commissioners, it is my opinion that no ballots should be prepared for any party not maintaining a definite organization. From the statements made in your letter it appears to me that the National Progressive Party, the Socialist Party or the Socialist Labor Party have not maintained a definite organization so as to entitle them to have ballots printed.

Yours very truly,
Glen Smith, Pros., Atty.

A Magic Word in a Magic Ring
Advertise

ROY O. WOODRUFF Republican Candidate for Congress

10th District



The only mayor of Bay City who ever enforced the law, and who put the stall saloons out of business with a council and county officers against him.

Two years in congress—voted against giving 20c per mile to congressmen, when it cost them but 2c per mile.

Introduced a fair and workable good roads law. Voted against the secret caucus and boss rule in congress.

Voted every time as you wanted him to vote, and wants you to study his record. He has worked his way up from farm, railroad fireman and telephone lineman, and knows the way the most of us get our bread and butter. He will NOT vote for "pork" appropriations, nor for big government buildings where they are not needed, just to catch votes.

If you like that sort of a man, vote for ROY O. WOODRUFF

Col. Loud Writes Voters On Candidacy

STANDS ON RECORD MADE AS REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS.

Has Voted and Worked For Every Measure of Public Benefit.

To the voters of the Tenth Congressional district:

I ask your enable me to



GEO. A. LOUD.

continue the duties in congress which you have directed me to perform for several terms, and which I have earned

estly endeavored to perform as experience and my best judgment dictated.

The prevailing sentiment of the Tenth district is in favor of the policies of the republican party. It is an assured fact that this sentiment will re-assert itself in the November election, and I shall be pleased to return to congress and help to re-establish those policies in the nation.

I am more than ever convinced that the industrial situation in our country will demand the restoration of a protective tariff. The war in Europe has for a time postponed the evils sure to come from the present free trade laws established by the democratic party, but the day of reckoning is not far removed, and is certain to come upon us unless these objectionable laws are substituted by the protective policy.

In my service in congress many measures of general public interest have received my support, all of which need not be enumerated here, but among them may be mentioned, free delivery, postal saving banks, adequate pay for letter carriers, both city and rural, better soldiers' pensions, woman's suffrage, pure food laws, the merchant marine, conservation, adequate army and navy, federal aid for good roads, and extension

sion of the work of the department of agriculture.

Not only have all these important movements and laws received my support, but I have been zealous in every request that has come from one of my constituents during the years that I have been honored as your representative.

I have given my entire time to the duties of a member of congress. I have always been attentive to every duty, large and small, public and personal, trying to give my district value received as a compensation for the trust and confidence they have shown to me.

I could not promise to do more, but I will assure all my people that I shall do no less.

While the last decade in our history as a nation has been most remarkable in the progress made, yet the immediate future will require experience and wise legislation to meet the new situations that are sure to come upon us. We are a world power, and world power problems will demand solution. The great war will impose tremendous responsibilities.

Our government must be progressive, yet safe and sane in every forward march. To keep our country the best on earth, to safe-guard our

ICE CREAM THAT IS DIFFERENT



Why don't you come in and try some of our ICE CREAM that is different. Just try one of our delicious French Frappes or any of our ice cream specialties—you will at once notice the difference—you will very easily be able to tell that ours is made from the purest and richest cream and

the best fresh fruit flavors.

It has that different pleasing taste that you will remember—that will bring you back often. Come in today and try some REAL ICE CREAM.

A. M. LEWIS

Your Druggist

Phone 18

Local News

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, AUG. 24

The Grayling schools will open on Monday, Sept. 5th.

Clarence Smart of Saginaw, spent Sunday with friends here.

Carl Babbitt of Detroit, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest R. Babbitt, is spending several weeks here.

Miss Jennie Ingley arrived Tuesday afternoon from Detroit to attend the Burton-Simpson wedding, last evening.

Mrs. Andrew Anderson left the fore part of the week to visit relatives in Saginaw and Marquette, for several days.

Mrs. H. Burrows returned last Saturday from a hospital in Ann Arbor, where she had undergone an operation and was a patient for several weeks.

See "The Ruling Passion" at the Opera house next Sunday night. Another of the Wm. Fox films, produced in the West Indies. The play features Claire Whitney and Wm. E. Shay.



Please note the following prices on our

High-Grade Coal and Coke

for the balance of August

Chestnut Hard Coal	\$8.60
Solvay Coke	7.10
Gas Coke	6.50
Best West Virginia Soft Coal	4.50
Black Diamond Soft Coal	4.50

These prices are strictly cash.

CITY COAL YARD

J. M. BUNTING, Prop'r.
Phone 713

Please Read the Following

and see if you can not find something that will suit your lunch basket. All these goods are made by the National Biscuit Company and are sold with a GUARANTEE

Adora Sugar Wafers	Lemon Snaps
Anola Chocolate Wafers	Marshmallow Dainties
Nabisco's, all flavors, 10c and 25c	Saltine Biscuit
Lorna Doone, Short Bread	Vanilla Wafers
Snaparoons	Uneda Biscuit
Homo Biscuit, made of whole wheat	Premium Soda Crackers
Baronet Biscuit	Saratoga Flakes
Chocolate Wafers	Graham Wafers
Zu Zu Ginger Snaps	Oatmeal Crackers
American Beauty	Cheese Sandwich
Ginger Snaps	Five O'clock Tea
Barnum Cookie Animals	Oysterettes

We have received a large shipment of Lunch Baskets. All sizes and shapes. Give us a call.

H. PETERSEN

Read the election returns in the Avalanche next week.

Harold Swaffield visited friends at his former home in Wolverine over Sunday.

Ladies' Middies, 75c values for 59c; ten dozen assorted to select from.

Grayling Mercantile Co.

S. S. Phelps, Jr., and family of Bay City, former residents of Grayling are moving to Detroit this week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Gierke entertained Mr. and Mrs. Edward White of Bay City over Sunday last.

Oscar Rasmussen of Milwaukee is a guest of his cousin, Wilhelm Raab and wife, for a couple of weeks.

Miss Virginia Bingham returned last Saturday from a several weeks vacation spent in Detroit and Bay City.

Miss Edna McCullough is enjoying a weeks vacation from her duties at the Grayling Mercantile Company store.

Miss Mildred Corwin expects to leave one day this week for Fowler, to visit her cousin, Mrs. Clyde Gates.

Regular monthly meeting Grayling Board of Trade at Sorenson's furniture store next Monday night at 8:00 o'clock.

Mrs. Cameron Game and little daughter returned last Saturday from several weeks visit in Marion and Cadillac.

Mrs. Samuel Pollack and children returned last Monday to Detroit, after visiting relatives and friends here for a couple of weeks.

Mrs. Claude Biggs of Lansing, Mrs. Guy Graves and Mr. Howard Biggs of Williamson, Mich., are guests at the home of George Biggs.

Miss Florentina Weller of West Branch is spending the week here visiting friends and is a guest at the A. E. Hendrickson home.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Bingham and daughters, and party of friends from Detroit are spending the week down the river at Camp Romeo.

Next Sunday night "The Ruling Passion" at the Opera house, featuring Claire Whitney and Wm. E. Shay. Admission 10 and 15 cents.

Martin Giffell and brother of Bay City are again employed at the du Pont plant, assisting on the brick laying job of the new addition.

Frank Serven and wife and Wm. Christenson and wife spent last week camping down the AuSable, fishing and enjoying the river breezes.

Prof. and Mrs. Frank Brindlecone and two daughters of Chicago spent the week-end here, guests at the home of Dr. and Mrs. J. Atwood Whitaker.

Mrs. Helen Haire, mother of Hart Haire, returned from Owosso Saturday last, where she had spent the last four months. Mrs. Haire has been in poor health since her return.

Stephen Mogenson of Davey, Nebraska, has been spending several weeks here visiting his wife and children, who are visiting Mrs. Mogenson's mother, Mrs. John Olsen.

Otto R. Brown and wife arrived last Friday night from Pontiac and spent several days here visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter L. Brown and also friends. This was Mr. Brown's first visit here in several years.

Roy Sullivan arrived here yesterday afternoon, from St. Charles, and will have charge of the railroad yards, during the time that Yard masters Thomas Briscoe and L. H. Chamberlin will be absent on their vacations.

Misses Anna Nelson, of the Salling, Hanson Co., office, Minnie Nelson, of the Kerry & Hanson Co., and Mabel Nelson, of the duPont Co., office, are all enjoying a two weeks vacation in Detroit. They left last Thursday for that city.

Misses Margrethe and Helen Bauman were hostesses to a delightful dinner at the Hanson dining hall at Portage lake, Thursday evening. There were fourteen young ladies and gentlemen present and a splendid evening was enjoyed by all present.

Miss Florence Countryman left last Monday for Boyne City, where she has been re-engaged to teach music and drawing in the schools, of which she has five. Her school starts in a couple of weeks, but she will enjoy a vacation before she commences her duties.

Mr. and Mrs. Stewart Graham entertained Mr. and Mrs. R. Hanson, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bauman, and daughters, Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Graham, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Hanson, Mr. and Mrs. Espern Hanson, and Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Hanson at dinner at Shoppenaggon Inn, Sunday evening.

Robert Gillette of the Grayling Dowel and Tie Plug company, is building a new house on Chestnut street. It is to be a modern seven-room house 26x40 feet ground plans. It will be complete with basement, steam heat, water, sewer and bath. It is of bungalow style, hardwood floors, and yellow pine finish throughout. The work is being done by Elmer Brott. It is expected to be ready for occupancy about November 1st.

Some of the soldiers at the reservation, having decided that they would organize a fellowcraft club, met for that purpose at the Masonic lodge rooms Tuesday night. Previous to the meeting about forty met at the Ambrose McClain eating house for a banquet. The officers of Grayling lodge were invited guests. The event was a pleasant one and the banquet specially enjoyed. Five courses were served the company. Masonic members among the Guards have taken a friendly interest in our local lodge, and are quite attentive at the meetings.

Next Tuesday, August 29th is Primary Election.

Let every voter in Crawford county get out and put in a vote for

MELVIN A. BATES.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

You friends of Mr. Bates: This is a time that you can do something for him. Won't you please manage to get out and vote? Do not let anything turn you from this one effort on election day. Votes count on election day only, so please do not forget.

Special for Friday, Saturday and Monday—Girls' Middies, 50c values for 39c. Grayling Mercantile Co.

William Brennan, wife and little son are enjoying an auto trip thru different cities in the southern part of the state.

Dr. Oscar Palmer was called to Hillsdale county on important legal matters Tuesday. He expects to be away until next Monday or Tuesday.

Miss Mabel Redhead, a former teacher in our schools, visited here Tuesday enroute from her home near Lovells to Grand Rapids. Miss Redhead is now teaching in Colorado.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Hans Bay, a son one day last week, at their home in Corvallis, Montana. Mr. Bay is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Rasmus Bay also of Corvallis, who are very well known here.

Sidney Graham, of Detroit has been spending a week here with his wife at the new cottage of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Rasmus Hanson, and enjoying the comforts of Portage lake. Mr. and Mrs. Graham returned to Detroit last night.

Frank G. Walton of Bay City spent a part of last week in Grayling, a guest at the Dr. Keyport home. Mr. Walton will be remembered as a former prosecuting attorney and also master of the Grayling band. He was accompanied by Chas. Hartig, also of Bay City.

Mrs. William LaMotte and three children, and Miss Alta Kanaby of Montpelier, Ohio, all arrived Monday evening from Bay City to visit friends for several days. They were accompanied by Miss Beatrice Gierke, who is visiting at her home here.

Benjamin Jerome of Detroit came to Grayling last week to spend a few days with his wife at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Melvin A. Bates and Mr. Jerome's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Jerome. Mr. Jerome is with the King Auto company, in the experimenting department. He made the trip here in his King Eight.

Andy Johnson, who had been ill for the past several months with tuberculosis passed away at Mercy hospital last Thursday morning. Before taken down seriously ill, he was employed at Chris Johnson's camp. He was about 35 years old and the whereabouts of any of his relatives were unknown. The remains were taken to Ann Arbor Friday.

Mrs. A. P. Grommesch and little daughter of North Yakima, Wash., arrived Monday from Bay City, to be in attendance at the Burton-Simpson wedding last evening. Mrs. Grommesch has been spending the summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Richard McPeak in Bay City. She was accompanied here by her sister, Miss Margaret McPeak, who is visiting her young friends.

Mrs. Esbern J. Olson was at home to twelve ladies in honor of Miss Irene Burton last Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at her pleasant home. On the arrival of the guests the hostess at once gave them wash clothes to button hole. Miss Edna McCullough having the neatest handiwork, was awarded a prize, of a silver tumbler. Later in the afternoon, the ladies were invited to the dining room, where a pretty two course luncheon was served. The table looked very pretty being centered with a large glass basket filled with sweet peas, at each place as favors, miniature brides were found.

A petition was circulated in Grayling last week, addressed to the officials of the M. & N. E. Railroad company, requesting that the station on their line near the north end of Portage lake be changed in name from Resort to McIntyre. This was signed by about 75 of our citizens and the chances are that their request will be granted. This is the station nearest the Otto McIntyre resort at the north end of Portage lake. This resort is destined to become famous because of the beauty of this part of the lake, and because of the popularity of this lake, situated as it is in the State Military reservation.



Gilbert A. Currie

Speaker of the House 1913-14
Candidate for the republican nomination for CONGRESS

ADVANCE SHOWING OF NEW FALL HATS FOR MEN.



We now have our display The New Fall Styles and colors in Mens and young Mens Hats - see those with the wide floppy brims in Greens, Tans and dark Gray. The best selection we have ever shown.

\$1.00 to \$3.00

LADIES - You will be interested to see the large assortments of fancy Turkish Towels just rec'd., 25c to \$1.

Grayling Mercantile Co.

THE QUALITY STORE

Special service checks will be given on rugs from August 23 to August 29. Sorenson Bros.

Miss Grace Loader returned to her home in Detroit Tuesday, after a several weeks visit here.

Mr. and Mrs. James C. Foreman returned last Monday from Detroit, where they had been called by the death of the former's sister.

Emil Hanson and family of Detroit arrived last Saturday to spend a couple of weeks vacation here visiting relatives and friends.

Ford owners picnic at Frederic Saturday, September 2. All Crawford and Roscommon county Ford owners and their families are invited.

Mercy hospital, of this city has issued a report covering a period of time from March 28, 1911 to April 1, 1916. This is issued in book form and contains about 40 pages of reading matter interspersed with halftone pictures of the building—interior and exterior. It gives a brief history of the institution. The building was paid for by public subscription. The land was donated by Oscar Palmer, Salling, Hanson Co., and C. W. Ward. The largest cash subscription was \$8,255.25 by Rasmus Hanson. Other cash subscriptions amounting to \$1,000 and over were made by the Estate of David Ward, Charles W. Ward, Lewis Jensen, Nels Michelson and Frank Michelson. In all \$22,167.49 was subscribed. Besides the cash there was donated all the furnishings and equipment. This is now a highly equipped hospital thruout. Its operating room is one of the best to be found in any except the largest city hospitals. Drs. Insley & Keyport have provided one of the latest and finest X-ray equipments made, which has been one of the many valuable accessories to the institution. This hospital is open and ready to receive the patients of any, and all physicians, all departments being at their disposal. There is also a complete training school for nurses. The institution is under direction of the Sisters of Mercy. The report includes complete tabulated reports of the hospital statistics, together with financial reports. The next aim of the management is to build a barn, which will probably be done in the near future.

Miss Leora Ellsworth is assisting in the Kerry & Hanson company office, during the absence of Miss Nelson.

Chas. Preston returned last Saturday from Flint, where he had been visiting relatives for several weeks.

Mrs. Orson Corwin is enjoying a visit from her sister, Mrs. Harry Jacobs and two children of Gregory, Mich.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Sigwald Hanson of Saginaw, on Saturday, the 19th a fine baby daughter. Mr. Hanson is the son of Mr. and Mrs. John K. Hanson of this city.

John J. Niederer was in Lansing first of the week to represent the county at the meeting of the State Board of equalization. He returned Wednesday afternoon.

A. E. Lucas and Pat Pitt and their wives of Arkansas, were here Monday having driven thru in their autos in 7 1/2 days. They formerly lived in Maple Forest and also Roscommon.

Louis, the two months old son of Frank Barnes and the late Mrs. Lulu Barnes, passed away last Monday afternoon. The infant has been cared for since the death of the mother, a week after its birth, at the Mrs. J. W. Bennett home. The funeral was conducted Tuesday afternoon Rev. Elliott officiating.

WANTED

Laborers: \$2.22 for eight-hour day

Carpenters: \$3.07 for eight-hour day

Apply:

DuPONT COMPANY

Grayling, Mich.

Boats for rent at Portage lake park a half mile from Resort, on the M. & N. E. railroad. Fine train service from Grayling. Otto McIntyre. tf

Portage lake park has been re-platted into twenty lots. This land was owned by Marius Hanson and Dr. S. N. Insley. The ten front lots have already been sold. These are about the last available lots to be had on the east side of the lake.



8 Big Features of the Way Sagless Spring

make it the biggest value for the money ever offered in a bedspring.

1. Supreme sleeping comfort,
2. Perfect restfulness,
3. Absolutely sagless—guaranteed for 25 years,
4. Does not roll occupants toward the center,
5. Noiseless,
6. Sanitary—all metal,
7. Cannot tear bedclothes,
8. Stiff cable edges keep you from bumping on the side rails of the bed.

30 Nights To Prove Them

We'll send a Way Sagless Spring to your home and let you sleep on it for 30 nights before you decide whether you'll keep it or not. If you can part with it after that trial, we'll buy it back at full price.

Sorenson Bros.

The Home of Dependable Furniture

GRANT SLOCUM SAYS

"From my own personal experience in connection with legislation in this state, I believe that Mr. Currie has done as much or more, than any other man toward the enactment of the beneficial laws which have been passed during his service in the legislature, and I believe the interests of all the people of the Tenth district will be best served by his election."

THE MICHIGAN PATRON SAYS

"He represents no interests but those of the people. He has fought the worst kind of machine politics for years. His private life and public record are without a flaw."

THE GRANGE FORUM SAYS

"Currie is a member of the Grange and has stood unequivocally for all Grange and Progressive measures in the State Legislature."

CURRIE WILL WORK FOR EVERY HONEST AND LEGITIMATE INTEREST OF THE 10th DISTRICT IN CONGRESS

"CURRIE FOR CONGRESS"

THE LONE STAR RANGER

This is a story about the Texas Plains People

By ZANE GREY

SYNOPSIS.

The time of the story: about 1885. The place: The Texas cow country. The chief character: Buckley Duane, a young man who has inherited a fortune and is now a ranchman. He is a good natured, generous, and a little bit of a playboy. He is the son of a wealthy family and has been educated at a good school. He is now a ranchman and is trying to make a name for himself. He is a good natured, generous, and a little bit of a playboy. He is the son of a wealthy family and has been educated at a good school. He is now a ranchman and is trying to make a name for himself.

CHAPTER XIV—Continued.

Duane averted his face a moment, hesitated till the swelling left his throat, and then said, "It's worth what I went through to-day to hear that." "I can imagine how you feel about it. When I was in the war—but let's get down to the business of this meeting."

He pulled his chair close to Duane's. "You've had more than one in the last two years that I wanted to see you, why didn't you hunt me up?"

"I supposed you imagined me one of those gun-fighters who couldn't take a dare and expected me to ride up to your camp and be arrested."

"That was natural, I suppose," went on MacNelly. "You didn't know me, otherwise you would have come. I've been a long time getting to you. But the nature of my job, as far as you're concerned, made me cautious. Duane, you're aware of the hard name you bear all over the Southwest?"

"Once in a while I'm jarred into realizing," replied Duane.

"It's the hardest, barring Murrell and Cheseldine, on the Texas border. But there's this difference. Murrell in his day was known to deserve his infamous name. Cheseldine in his day also. But I've found hundreds of men in southwest Texas who're your friends, who swear you never committed a crime. The farther south I get the clearer this becomes. What I want to know is the truth. Have you ever done anything criminal? Tell me the truth, Duane. It won't make any difference in my plan. And when I say crime I mean what I would call crime, or any reasonable Texas."

"That way my hands are clean," replied Duane.

"You never held up a man, robbed a store for grub, stole a horse when you needed him bad—never anything like that?"

"Somehow I always kept out of that, just when I pressed the hardest."

"Duane, I'm glad," MacNelly exclaimed, gripping Duane's hand. "Glad for your mother's sake! But, all the same, in spite of this, you are a Texas outlaw accountable to the state. You're perfectly aware that under existing circumstances, if you fell into the hands of the law, you'd probably hang, at least go to jail for a long term."

"That's what kept me on the dodge all these years," replied Duane.

"Certainly," MacNelly's eyes narrowed and glittered. The muscles along his brown cheeks set hard and tense. He leaned close to Duane, laid snowy, pressing fingers upon Duane's knee.

"Listen to this," he whispered, hoarsely. "If I place a pardon in your hand—make you a free, honest citizen once more, clear your name of infamy, make your mother your sister proud of you—will you swear yourself to a service, any service I demand of you?"

Duane sat stock still, stunned.

Slowly, more persuasively, with show of earnest agitation, Captain MacNelly reiterated his startling query.

"My God!" burst from Duane. "What's this? MacNelly, you can't be in earnest!"

"Never more so in my life. I've a deep game. I'm playing it square. What do you say?"

He rose to his feet. Duane, as if impelled, rose with him. Ranger and outlaw then looked eyes that searched each other's souls. In MacNelly's Duane read truth, strong, fiery purpose, hope, even gladness, and a fugitive mounting assurance of victory.

Twice Duane endeavored to speak, failed of all save a hoarse, incoherent sound, until, forcing back a flood of speech, he found a voice.

"Any service? Every service! MacNelly, I give my word," said Duane. A light played over MacNelly's face, warning out all the grim darkness. He held out his hand. Duane met it with his in a clasp that men unconsciously give in moments of stress.

When they unclasped and Duane stepped back to drop into a chair MacNelly fumbled for a cigar and, lighting it, turned to his visitor, now calm and cool. He had the look of a man who had just won something at considerable cost. His next move was to take a long leather case from his pocket and extract from it several folded papers.

"Here's your pardon from the Governor," he said, quietly. "You'll see, when you look it over, that it's conditional. When you sign this paper I have here the condition will be met."

He smoothed out the paper, handed Duane a pen, ran his forefinger along a dotted line.

Duane's hand was shaky. Years had passed since he had held a pen. It was with difficulty that he achieved his signature. Buckley Duane—how strange the name looked!

"Right here ends the career of Buckley Duane, outlaw and gun-fighter," said MacNelly; and, seating himself, he took the pen from Duane's fingers and wrote several lines in several places upon the dot. Then with a smile he handed it to Duane.

"That makes you a member of Company A, Texas Rangers."

"So that's it!" burst out Duane, a light breaking in upon his bewilderment. "You want me for ranger service?"

"Sure. That's it," replied the Captain dryly. "Now to hear what that service is to be. I've been a busy man since I took this job, and as you may have heard, I've done a few things. I don't mind telling you that political influence put me in here and that up Austin way there's a good deal of friction in the Department of State in regard to whether or not the ranger service is any good—whether it should be discontinued or not. I'm on the party who's defending the ranger service. I contend that it's made Texas habitable. Well, it's been up to me to produce results. So far I have been successful. My great ambition is to break up the outlaw gangs along the river. I have never ventured in there yet because I've been waiting to get the lieutenant I needed. You, of course, are the man I had in mind. It's my idea to start way up the Rio Grande and begin with Cheseldine. He's the strongest, the worst outlaw of the times. He's more than rustler. He's Cheseldine and his gang who are operating on the banks. No one seems to have seen him—to know what he looks like."

"I assume, of course, that you are a stranger to the country he dominates. It's five hundred miles west of your ground. There's a little town over there called Fairdale. It's the nest of a rustler gang. They rustle and murder at will. Nobody knows who the leader is. I want you to find out. Well, whatever way you decide is best you will proceed to act upon it. You are your own boss. You must find some way to let me know when I and my rangers are needed. The plan is to break up Cheseldine's gang. It's the toughest job on the border. We want to kill or jail this choice selection of robbers and break up the rest of the gang. To find them, to get among them somehow, to learn their movements, to lay your trap for us rangers to spring—that, Duane, is your service to me, and God knows it's a great one."

"I have accepted it," replied Duane.

"Your word will be secret. You are now a ranger in my service. But no one except the few I choose to tell will know of it until we pull off the job. You will simply be Buckley Duane till it suits our purpose to acquaint Texas with the fact that you're a ranger. You'll see there's no date on that paper. No one will ever know just when you entered the service. Perhaps we can make it appear that all or most of your outlawry has really been good service to the state. At that, I'll believe it'll turn out so."

MacNelly paused a moment in his rapid talk, chewed his cigar, drew his brows together in a dark frown, and went on. "No man on the border knows so well as you the deadly nature of this service. It's a long, long chance against your ever coming back."

"That's not the point," said Duane. "But in case I get killed out there—what?"

"Leave that to me," interrupted Captain MacNelly. "If you lose your life out there I'll see your name cleared—the service you render known. You can rest assured of that."

"I am satisfied," replied Duane. "That's so much more than I've dared hope."

"Well, it's settled, then. I'll give you money for expenses. You'll start as soon as you like—the sooner the better. I hope to think of other suggestions especially about communicating with me."

Long after the lights were out and the low hum of voices had ceased round the camp-fire Duane lay awake, eyes staring into the blackness, marvelling over the strange events of the day. And as he lay there, with the approach of sleep faintly dimming the vividness of his thought, so full of mystery, shadowy faces floated in the blackness around him, haunting him as he had always been haunted.

It was broad daylight when he awakened. MacNelly was calling him to breakfast.

"The rangers were eating in a circle round a tarpaulin spread upon the ground."

"Follows," said MacNelly, "shake hands with Buckley Duane. He's on secret ranger service for me. Service that'll likely make you all hump soon! Mind you, keep mum about it."

The rangers surprised Duane with a

roaring greeting, the warmth of which he soon divined was divided between pride of his acquisition to their ranks and eagerness to meet that violent service of which their captain hinted.

They were jolly, wild fellows, with just enough gravity in their welcome to show Duane their respect and appreciation, while not forgetting his lone-wolf record. When he had seated himself in that circle, now one of them, a feeling subtle and uplifting pervaded him.

After the meal Captain MacNelly drew Duane aside.

"Here's the money. Make it go as far as you can. Write me care of the adjutant at Austin. I don't have to warn you to be careful where you mail letters. Ride a hundred, two hundred miles, if necessary, or go clear to El Paso."

MacNelly stopped with an air of finality, and then Duane slowly rose. "I'll start at once," he said, extending his hand to the Captain. "I wish—like to thank you."

"Hell, man! Don't thank me!" replied MacNelly, crushing the proffered hand. "I've sent a lot of good men to their death, and maybe you're another. But, as I've said, you've one chance in a thousand. And, by Heaven! I'd hate to be Cheseldine or any other man you were trailing. No, not good-by—adios, Duane! May we meet again!"

CHAPTER XV.

West of the Pecos River Texas extended a vast wild region, barren in the north where the Llano Estacado spread its shifting sands, fertile in the south along the Rio Grande. A railroad marked an undulating course across five hundred miles of this country, and the only villages and towns lay on or near this line of steel. Unsettled as was this western Texas, and despite the acknowledged dominance of the outlaw bands, the pioneers pushed steadily into it.

The Rio Grande flowed almost due south along the western boundary for a thousand miles, and then, weary of its course, turned abruptly north, to make what was called the Big Bend.

The railroad, running west, cut across this bend, and all that country bounded on the north by the railroad and on the south by the river was as wild as the Staked Plains. Across the face of this Big Bend, as if to isolate it, stretched the Ord mountain range. In the valleys of the foothills and out across the plains were ranches, and farther north, villages, and the towns of Alpine and Marfa.

Like other parts of the great Lone Star State, this section of Texas was a world in itself—a world where the riches of the rancher were ever enriching the outlaw. The village closest to the gateway of this outlaw-infested region was a little place called Ord, named after the dark peak that loomed some miles to the south.

Toward the close of a day in September a stranger rode into Ord, and in a community where all men were remarkable for one reason or another he excited interest. His horse, perhaps, received the first and most engaging attention—horses in that region being apparently more important than men. This particular horse at first glance seemed ugly. But he was a giant, black as coal, huge in every way. A bystander remarked that he had a grand head. His face was solid black, except in the middle of his forehead, where there was a round spot of white.

The rider, like his horse, was a giant in stature, but rangier, not so heavily built. Otherwise the only striking thing about him was his bomber face with its piercing eyes, and hair white over the temples. He packed two guns, both low down—but that was too common a thing to attract notice in the Big Bend. A close observer, however, would have noted a singular fact—this rider's right hand was more bronzed, more weather-beaten than his left. He never wore a glove on that right hand!

He had dismounted before a ramshackle structure that bore upon its wide, high-boarded front the sign, "Hotel." The hotel had a wide platform in front, and this duty as porch and sidewalk. Upon it, and leaning against a hitching-post, were men of varying ages, most of them slovenly in old jeans and slouched sombreros. Some were booted, belted, and spurred. No man there wore a coat, but all wore vests. The guns in that group would have outnumbered the men.

It was a crowd seemingly too lazy to be curious. These men were idlers; what else, perhaps, was easy to conjecture. Certainly to this arriving stranger, who flashed a keen eye over them, they were an atmosphere never associated with work.

Presently a tall man, with a drooping, sandy mustache, leisurely detached himself from the crowd.

"Howdy, stranger," he said.

The stranger bent over to loosen the cinches; he straightened up and nodded. Then: "I'm thirsty!"

That brought a broad smile to faces. It was characteristic greeting. One and all trooped after the stranger into the hotel. It was a dark, ill-smelling barn of a place, with a bar as high as a short man's head. A bartender with a scarred face was serving drinks.

"Line up, gents," said the stranger.

They piled over one another to get to the bar, with coarse jests and oaths and laughter. None of them noted that the stranger did not appear so thirsty as he claimed to be. In fact, though he went through the motions, he did not drink at all.

"My name's Jim Fletcher," said the tall man with the drooping, sandy mustache. He spoke inconspicuously, as though there was a tone that showed he expected to be known.

Something went with that name. The stranger did not appear to be impressed.

"My name might be Blazes, but it ain't," he replied. "What do you call this burg?"

"Stranger, this heah me-tropolis bears the handle Ord. Is that new to you?"

He leaned back against the bar, and now his little yellow eyes, clear as crystal, flawless as a hawk's, fixed on the stranger. Other men crowded close, forming a circle, curious, ready to be friendly or otherwise, according to how the tall interrogator marked the newcomer.

"Sure, Ord's a little strange to me. Off the railroad some, ain't it? Funny trails hereabouts."

"How fur was you goin'?"

"I reckon I was goin' as far as I could," replied the stranger, with a hard laugh.

His reply had subtle reaction on that listening circle. Some of the men exchanged glances. Fletcher stroked his drooping mustache, seemed thoughtful, but lost something of that piercing scrutiny.

"Wal, Ord's the jumpin'-off place," he said, presently. "Sure you've heard of the Big Bend country?"

"I sure have, an' was makin' tracks fer it," replied the stranger.

Fletcher turned toward a man in the outer edge of the group. "Knell, come in heah."

This individual elbowed his way in and was seen to be scarcely more than a boy, almost pale beside those bronzed men, with a long, expressionless face, thin and sharp.

"Knell, this heah's—" Fletcher wheeled to the stranger. "What'd you call yourself?"

"I'd hate to mention what I've been callin' myself lately."

This sally fetched another laugh. The stranger appeared cool, careless, indifferent.

Knell stepped up, and it was easy to see, from the way Fletcher relinquished his part in the situation, that a man greater than he had appeared upon the scene.

"Any business here?" he queried, curtly. When he spoke his expressionless face was in strange contrast with the ring, the quality, the cruelty of his voice. This voice betrayed an absence of humor, of friendliness, of heart.

"None," replied the stranger. "Know anybody hereabouts?"

"Nary one."

"Jest ridin' through?"

"Yep."

"Slopin' fer back country, eh?"

There came a pause. The stranger appeared to grow a little resentful and drew himself up disdainfully.

"Wal, considerin' you-all seem so damn friendly an' oncousid'ous down here in this Big Bend country, I don't mind sayin' yes—I am in on the dodge," he replied, with deliberate sarcasm.

"From west of Ord—out El Paso way, mebbe?"

"Sure."

"A-huh! That so?" Knell's words cut the air, stilled the room. "You're from way down the river. That's what they say down there—on the dodge."

Stranger, you're a liar!"

With swift click of spur and thump of boot the crowd split, leaving Knell and the stranger in the center. The stranger suddenly became bronze. The situation seemed familiar to him. His eyes held a singular piercing light that danced like a compass-needle.

"Sure I lied," he said. "So I ain't takin' offense at the way you called me. I'm lookin' to make friends, not enemies. You don't strike me as one of them four-flushes, achin' to kill somebody. But if you are—go ahead an' open the ball. . . . You see, I never throw a gun on them fellers 'll they go fer theirs."

Knell coolly eyed his antagonist, his strange face not changing in the least. Yet somehow it was evident in his look that there was metal which rang differently from what he had expected. Invited to start a fight or withdraw, as he chose, Knell proved himself big in the manner characteristic of only the genuine gunman.

"Stranger, I pass," he said, and, turning to the bar, he ordered liquor.

The tension relaxed, the silence broke, the men filled up the gap; the incident seemed closed. Jim Fletcher attached himself to the stranger, and now both respect and friendliness tempered his asperity.

"Wal, fer want of a better handle I'll call you Dodge," he said.

"Dodge's as good as any. . . . Gents, line up again—'n' if you can't be friendly, be careful!"

Such was Buckley Duane's debut in the little outlaw haunt of Ord.

Duane had been three months out of the Nueces country. At El Paso he bought the finest horse he could find, and, armed and otherwise outfitted to suit him, he had taken to unknown trails. He passed on leisurely, because he wanted to learn the way of the country, the work, habit, gossip, pleasures, and fears of the people with whom he came in contact. When he heard Fletcher's name and faced Knell he knew he had reached the place he sought.

Duane made himself agreeable, yet not too much so, to Fletcher and several other men disposed to talk and drink, and eat; and then, after having a care for his horse, he rode out of town a couple of miles to a grove he had marked, and there, well hidden he prepared to spend the night. This proceeding served a double purpose—he was safer, and the habit would look well in the eyes of outlaws, who would be more inclined to see in him the lone-wolf fugitive.

Long since Duane had fought out

a battle with himself, won a hard-earned victory. He had assumed a task impossible for any man save one like him, he had felt the meaning of it grow strangely and wonderfully, and through that flourished up consciousness of how passionately he now clung to this thing which would blot out his former infamy. He never forgot that he was free. Strangely, too, along with this feeling of new manhood there gathered the force of imperious desire to run these chief outlaws to their doom. He never called them outlaws—but rustlers, thieves, robbers, murderers, criminals. He sensed the growth of a relentless driving passion, and sometimes he feared that, more than the newly acquired zeal and pride in this ranger service, it was the old, terrible, inherited killing instinct lifting its hydra-head in new guise.

This night a wonderful afterglow lingered long in the west, and against the golden-red of clear sky the bold, black head of Mount Ord reared itself aloft, beautiful but aloof, sinister yet calling. Small wonder that Duane

gazed in fascination upon the peak! Somewhere deep in its corrugated sides or lost in a rugged canyon was hidden the secret stronghold of the master outlaw Cheseldine. All down along the ride from El Paso Duane had heard of Cheseldine, of his band, his fearful deeds, his cunning, his widely separated raids of his fitting here and there like a Jack-o'-lantern; but never a word of his den, never a word of his appearance.

Next morning Duane did not return to Ord. He struck off to the north, riding down a rough, slow-descending road that appeared to have been used occasionally for cattle-driving. As he had ridden in from the west, his northern direction led him into totally unfamiliar country. While he passed on, however, he exercised such keen observation that in the future he would know whatever might be of service to him if he chanced that way again.

After a couple of hours' riding he entered a town which he soon discovered to be Bradford. It was the largest town he had visited since Marfa, and he calculated must have a thousand or fifteen hundred inhabitants, not including Mexicans. He decided this would be a good place for him to hold up for a while, being the nearest town to Ord, only forty miles away. So he hitched his horse in front of a store and leisurely set about studying Bradford.

It was after dark, however, that Duane verified his suspicions concerning Bradford. The town was awake after dark, and there was one long row of saloons, dance-halls, gambling-resorts in full blast. Duane visited them all, and was surprised to see wildness and license equal to that of the old river camp of Bland in its palmiest days. Here it was forced upon him that the farther west one traveled along the river the sparser the respectable settlements, the more numerous the hard characters, and in consequence the greater the element of lawlessness. Duane returned to his lodging-house with the conviction that MacNelly's task of cleaning up the Big Bend country was a stupendous one. Yet, he reflected, a company of intrepid and quick-shooting rangers could have soon cleaned up this Bradford.

The innkeeper had one other guest that night, a long-coated and wide-sombreroed Texan who reminded Duane of his grandfather. This man had penetrating eyes, a courtly manner, and an unmistakable leaning toward companionship and mischief. The gentleman introduced himself as Colonel Webb, of Marfa, and took it as a matter of course that Duane made no comment about himself.

Duane, as always, was a good listener. Colonel Webb told, among other things, that he had come out to the Big Bend to look over the affairs of a deceased brother who had been a rancher and a sheriff of one of the towns, Fairdale, by name.

"Found no affairs, no ranch, not even his grave," said Colonel Webb. "And I tell you, sir, it helps a fellow to expiate my sins there."

"Fairdale. . . . I imagine sheffs have a hard row to hoe out here," replied Duane, trying not to appear curious.

The Colonel swore lustily.

Here Colonel Webb Exploded.

De Maupassant and Kipling Owe Something to American Writer, Says Englishman.

The detective story and the murder mystery are not forms of any great literary value, but I must confess to predilection for stories about crime, and there is some authority for the view that "murder is the most gentlemanly crime that anybody can commit."

Those who share my taste for homicide in fiction—and I find it fairly widespread—have reason to be grateful to Poe. His *Lupin* is a prince of detectives and the father of an illustrious progeny; while such contempters of the law of the land as Raffles and Arsene Lupin are Poe's illegitimate children. Indeed, Poe's influence in France has been greater than among the English-speaking people. Every student of French literature knows that but for Poe, Baudelaire, Mallarmé and Villiers de l'Isle-Adam would have been something very different from what they were, and M. Remy de Gourmont says in one of his penetrating essays that "Eugene Sue, Gaboriau and Dostoevsky, in 'Crime and Punishment,' have all taken lessons from Poe."

It would be interesting to study the way in which his technique of the short story was adopted and modified by Guy de Maupassant, and how, after having filtered through Maupassant's mind, it has returned to English literature through the medium of Mr. Kipling—"Penguin," in the London Nation.

Great Problem Solved.

A street carnival now touring the South is seemingly the repository of all most perplexing military secrets. On a recent visit by this particular carnival to a Tennessee city a part of the attending throng heard a barker extol the clairvoyant powers of Madame—

"This goddess of wisdom, while thoroughly blindfolded, gave instant answers to any questions. The seeker after truth merely wrote on a slip of paper the question nearest his heart, which, being read out by the barker in the hearing of all the crowd, was as publicly answered."

Whether Minnie still loved Tom and where the old hermit buried the gold were questions legitimate enough, but that somebody had taken advantage of a lady's trustful disposition her answer revealed when Madame—

"Where is Villa?"

Her reply was:

"Her real name is not Villa. It is Margaret, and she is now in Atlanta, Ga."—Saturday Evening Post.

Testing Steel Cars.

The testing department of one eastern railroad ignited 200 pounds of oil-soaked rags, shavings and wood, to see the effect of the flames upon the metal framework of a car. While the furnishings of the car were slightly damaged, the testing department found that the frame of the car resisted the heat.

In Murder Trials.

"It's bound to come."

"What is?"

"The time when the beautiful actress, instead of telling the jury her life story, will have it shown to show music as a film."

Housework Is a Burden

It's hard enough to keep house in perfect health, but a woman who is weak, tired and suffering from an aching back has a heavy burden.

Any woman in this condition has good cause to suspect kidney trouble, especially if the kidney action seems disordered.

Doan's Kidney Pills have cured thousands of suffering women. It's the best recommended special kidney remedy.

A Michigan Case

Mr. Brown, 123 Avenue A, Flint, Mich., says: "For weeks the pain in my back was bad and I was bent almost double. Mr. H. H. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me. I feel like a new man now. I owe my life to them."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Every Woman Wants

Paxtine

ANTISEPTIC POWDER

FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE

Disinfects in water, for douches, stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. It's emollient, deodorant and germicidal. Sample, Free. 50c all druggists, or postpaid by mail, The Paxtine Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

ASTHMA

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA REMEDY

for the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Ask your druggist for it. 25c. Write for FREE SAMPLE.

Northrop & Lyman Co., Inc., Buffalo, N.Y.

Dr. J. D. KELLOGG'S REMEDY

A Busy Murderer.

"Prisoner at the bar, do you plead guilty or not guilty of this murder?"

"Not guilty, judge. I can prove an alibi. I was engaged in killing another man at the time and he wasn't the same man the indictment says I killed. As I can prove by this picture of him, which I drew myself from memory."

Important to Mothers

WHY WOMEN WRITE LETTERS

To Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co.

Women who are well often ask "Are the letters which the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. are continually publishing, genuine?" "Are they truthful?" "Why do women write such letters?"

In answer we say that never have we published a fictitious letter or name. Never, knowingly, have we published an untruthful letter, or one without the full and written consent of the woman who wrote it.

The reason that thousands of women from all parts of the country write such grateful letters to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. is that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has brought health and happiness into their lives, once burdened with pain and suffering.

It has relieved women from some of the worst forms of female ills, from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, nervousness, weakness, stomach troubles and from the blues.

It is impossible for any woman who is well and who has never suffered to realize how those poor, suffering women feel when restored to health; their keen desire to help other women who are suffering as they did.



WHY NOT TRY POPHAM'S ASTHMA MEDICINE

Gives Prompt and Positive Relief in Every Case. Sold by Druggists. Price \$1.00. One Trial Package by Mail Free.

WILLIAMS MED. CO., Props. Cleveland, O.

Exceptions.
"Don't tell me that politeness smooths the way for one."
"What do you mean?"
"Been motoring on a road just full of 'thank-you-marks'."

DON'T LOSE ANOTHER HAIR

Treat Your Scalp With Cuticura and Prevent Hair Falling. Trial Free.

For dandruff, itching, burning scalp, the cause of dry, thin and falling hair, Cuticura Soap and Ointment are most effective. Touch spots of dandruff and itching with Cuticura Ointment. Then shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water. No treatment more successful. Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere. Adv. 3

Two of a Kind.

The dean of a western university was told by the students that the cook at the dining hall was turning out food "not fit to eat."

The dean summoned the delinquent, lectured him on his shortcomings and threatened him with dismissal unless conditions were bettered.

"Sir," said the cook, "you oughtn't to place so much importance on what the young men tell you about my meals. They come to me in just the same way about your lectures."—Harper's Magazine.

Suspicion Confirmed.

A worthy vicar in an English rural parish who preached one Sunday in the interest of foreign missions was surprised on entering the village shop during the week to be greeted with marked coldness by the old dame who kept it.

He asked the cause, and the good woman, producing a half-crown from a drawer, and throwing it down before him, said:

"I marked that coin and put it in the plate last Sunday, and here it is back in my shop. I knowed, well them poor Africans never got the money."

No Loss.

She—Let us sit nearer the music. He—But then you can't hear what I'm saying to you.

She (sighing)—I know. Come along.

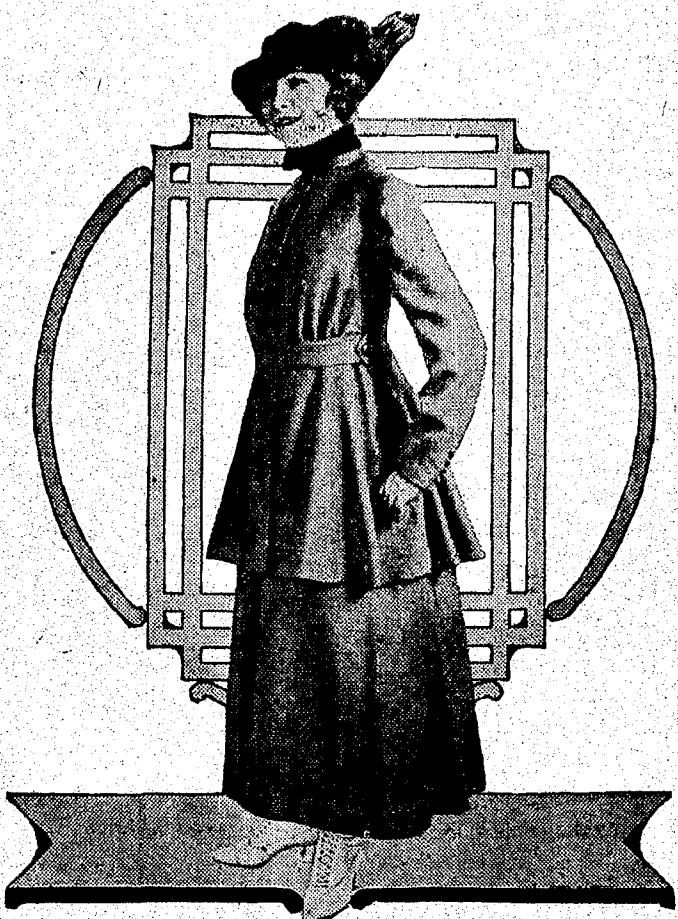
Biting.

Geraldine—I hate to think of my thirtieth birthday.

Gerald—Let's not bring up the past.

In Woman's Realm

Fall Modes Show a Conservative and Beautifully Tailored Suit That Is Becoming to Both Slender and Stout Figures—Slips of Satin and Taffeta to Be Worn Under Sheer Frocks of Midsummer Wardrobe.

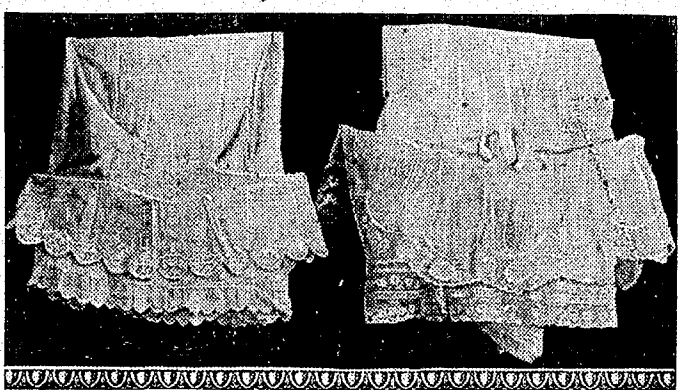


SERGE STREET SUIT FOR FALL.

The first of the new ready-made suits for fall are making their appearance before "the trade." That is, merchants throughout the country are looking over the sample lines of manufacturers. So far there is little change in the lines of street suits from those of the passing season. Many of the new models show an increased length of skirt, and coats also are somewhat longer. The inspiration of many smart models appears to come from the Russian blouse—and this is a matter of gratitude.

In the conservative and beautifully tailored suit shown above, a model has been evolved that is becoming to both slender and stout figures. The coat is neatly adjusted over the shoulders and vague in fit about the waistline with a full and long peplum. A very clever management of the underarm portion gives a trim look to the figure. The sleeves are plain and long. The skirt is plain with overlapped seam at the front and plait at each side. It is strictly tailored with faultless machine stitching as a finish. In harmony with it are the plain belt at back and front of the waistline and the large bow buttons that fasten the coat. Smaller buttons of the same kind are set in a row of four on each cuff.

Serge is the favorite material for fall suits although the other standard weaves of cloth are not neglected. Except for the velvet turnover on the collar it is the only fabric used in the suit shown. There is a surmise that skirts may be narrower as the season grows older, but no one knows.



PETTICOATS FOR SHEER FROCK.

A conservative suit like that above need not concern itself in the matter.

There are slips of satin and taffeta—both washable—to be worn under the sheer frocks that form so important a part of the midsummer wardrobe. But many women prefer slips or petticoats of muslin, that are exquisitely clean and fresh-looking with each return from the laundry. They are thin enough to be cool and thick enough to provide sufficient covering. Sometimes a plain petticoat or slip of net is worn over them, if the frock is sheer enough to be transparent. This is merely by way of making an airy background for lingerie or other gaudy dresses.

The newest petticoats are cut moderately wide in three or four gores shaped so that there will be little fullness about the waist. They are finished with flounces not too much trimmed with embroidery or lace. In many of them, as in the two pictured above, the flounces are made of batiste, cambric, organdie or other thin cotton and shaped with a flare, so that their loops of ribbon placed on the side will

still further improve the appearance of this dainty bit of feminine wear.

Dainty Boudoir Cap.

A dainty boudoir cap can be fashioned out of a bit of shadow lace and a scrap of crepe de chine. Make a crown of the lace and attach it to the silk which is gathered a trifle. The joining place is concealed with twisted ribbon, which is studded here and there with a tiny rosebud. Gather the silk about an inch or so from the bottom and see that it slips over the head easily. Finish with a ruffle of lace sewed inside of the edge. Long loops of ribbon placed on the side will

Instead of the flat case for dollies that has enjoyed much popularity for the last few years, one may use a round box, just big enough to hold the dollies in question, and an inch or two high. This box is covered with cretonne. Boxes can be bought in different sizes for different sized dollies, at prices ranging from 65 to 85 cents.

Hot Weather Help.

Hand-painted fans are in vogue for the hot days. They are huge pointed affairs of dyed palm leaves, with a futuristic design of apples or flowers or birds or just plain futurism on the outside.

Dolly Boxes.

Instead of the flat case for dollies that has enjoyed much popularity for the last few years, one may use a round box, just big enough to hold the dollies in question, and an inch or two high. This box is covered with cretonne. Boxes can be bought in different sizes for different sized dollies, at prices ranging from 65 to 85 cents.

The KITCHEN CABINET

We can always stand a little more. Always do a little more. Always try a little more. Than we really think.

Effort out of weariness. Striving out of care. We can always do a little more. Than we really think our share. —F. McKinsey.

FOR A DAY'S OUTING.

With a package of paper picnic dishes and paper napkins the dish problem is solved as well as the lessening of weight in the picnic basket. The coffee may be mixed and put into cheesecloth sacks and an ordinary water pail with a wire handle will serve for a coffee pot so that need not be carried. Frankforts may be roasted in the coals under the coffee pail and potatoes and corn as well. The salad may be carried in a mason jar for convenience and the lemon sirup for lemonade for the young folk may be all ready for the water. That, too, is in a sealed mason jar.

If other meats are desired beefsteak may be broiled or pan broiled on a heavy sheet of sheet iron, which is always a convenient picnic utensil, as it may be used as a stove top for frying potatoes, griddle cakes or, in fact, any number of useful purposes will be found for it.

As every pound counts on a long tramp, make the basket as light as possible, and carry no more than will be eaten by sharp appetites. Pepper and salt may be mixed to carry, and only such pickles and relishes taken as are indispensable.

Spoons, knives and forks for all, sandwiches and cake, if desired, with the other foods mentioned, will surely be a meal of variety and sufficiently satisfying even after a long walk.

A thermos bottle may be carried with an iced drink for those who cannot wait for the end of the journey, and it is a most comforting friend in need as often good drinking water is hard to get.

Newspapers should be carried in abundance to put on the ground for any of the party who might be rheumatic and light wraps which are easily carried are often useful. Pastebord boxes that may be burned are best to carry the lunch, and the silver may be rolled in a paper to carry and the camping grounds left free from any rubbish.

Chicken and fresh green corn is another most delightful combination worth trying if it has never been enjoyed. Use plenty of cream, butter and corn around the chicken, allowing three-quarters of an hour for the baking after the corn is added.

We can always lift a little more. Always shift a little more. Always tell a little more. Than we thought we could. —F. McKinsey.

PEACHES FOR WINTER.

There are few who can resist the spicy pickled peach which is so delicious served with the meat course.

Pickled Peaches.—There are any number of good recipes, but we must be careful about the vinegar. It should be strong enough to preserve and give flavor, but too acid a vinegar will spoil the fruit. Usually, a little water added to the vinegar to dilute it, using the amount of liquid required, will improve it. Take two pounds of brown sugar, a pint of mild vinegar and a tablespoonful each of cinnamon and cloves; tie in a muslin bag, cook 20 minutes, then drop in the peaches (that have been rubbed with a coarse towel to remove the fuzz), a few at a time and cook until soft; drop into the crock and continue until all are cooked. Cover with the vinegar leaving the spice bag in the jar.

Peach Jam.—This is especially fine flavored, as the steam is not allowed to escape, carrying with it much of the fruit. Pare the peaches and wash them to a pulp, add two cupfuls of sugar to three of the pulp and mix well; pack into pint jars and screw down the top tightly; place in a steamer or any convenient form for canning and cook until all the juice is absorbed by the fruit. Place in the sun for a day or two and then it will be ready to put away.

Peaches for canning should be firm but ripe, placed in the cans and covered with a hot sirup, then put into a boiler of boiling water and allowed to stand well covered overnight, the fruit will keep well and be of fine flavor and color. A fireless cooker is a good convenience to use for a small number of cans. The cans and covers should be thoroughly sterilized and the rubbers dipped into boiling water before being used.

Peach Jelly.—Save all the parings from the washed peaches, add a few apples and cook together, then drain and prepare as usual. The apples will supply the pectin which is lacking in the apple and the peaches will

supply the flavor which is so much enjoyed.

Power to think for oneself, power to understand those one does not agree with—these two things are absolutely essential to peace, harmony and co-operation in a self-educating and self-governing community.—Lyman Abbot.

COUPE, A POPULAR ICE.

Coupe have been called nothing but inverted college ices. But this most popular frozen dish lends itself to any series of combinations so that one may by the exercise of taste have a variety.

To arrange a coupe, line a bowl-shaped sherbet cup with ice cream, then add a garnish of fruit and finish the structure with piped or plain whipped cream. For the ice any flavor may be chosen and the fruit is also a matter of taste, always choosing that suitable. The cream is either put through a pastry tube or dropped by a tablespoon.

Strawberry ice cream is especially good for a foundation; fill the glass three-quarters full of strawberry ice cream, on this place large lily berries, cut in halves and covered with sugar for an hour or more. Then top the coupe with sweetened and flavored cream. A few drops of lemon and almond makes a good flavor. Or a half a peach that has been soaked in vanilla sirup for a time may be placed on the strawberry ice and finished as before.

The flavor of peaches is especially good as it is so delicate and yet so suggestive that it pervades the whole dish.

Peaches and Bar-le-due currants or marrows preserved in vanilla sirup make a fine combination.

Coffee ice cream is another well liked foundation for a coupe. Line the sherbet cup with coffee ice cream, then use strawberries or raspberries as the next step, let them stand in sugar for an hour and follow with the whipped cream garnished with a large fresh berry.

Chestnuts or marrows preserved in various sirups are always good with the coffee flavor or in combination with almost any fruit. A lemon sirup is good with them and they may be prepared at home and bottled for use.

The coupe which starts with peach ice cream may use peaches or pineapple as the fruit. Pears lightly flavored with a ginger sirup in which they may be lightly cooked are pleasingly used with peach ice cream.

Thoughts of doubt and fear never accomplish anything and never can. They always lead to failure. Purpose, energy, power to do, and all strong thoughts cease, when doubt and fear creep in.—James Allen.

THE COSMOPOLITAN MINT.

Mint is easily grown in the garden and will grow in window gardens even in crowded cities. It is refreshing used in lemonade, as sauce for meats, flavoring for candies and ices. Before the frost comes to destroy the plants be sure to make some mint vinegar.

Wash a bunch and place it in a pint of vinegar, letting it stand for two weeks, then strain and bottle for winter use. This vinegar may be used to flavor fish, sauce and various dishes.

Candied Mint Leaves.—Take fresh perfect mint leaves, wash and shake dry. Pick the leaves from the stalks and lay on a cloth to dry. Put a cupful of sugar and a half cupful of water on to boil, let it boil without stirring for four minutes from the time it boils. Let it cool slightly, then dip the leaves one by one and lay them on a waxed paper; after all have been dipped begin with the first ones and dip again, dust with granulated sugar, shaking off all that does not adhere; spread out to dry. Spread the sugar on a plate and draw the leaves gently through the sugar.

Mint Jelly.—This is jelly well liked to serve with meats. Prepare apples for jelly and drop in a bunch of mint, while cooking. Then as each glass is filled, add a small sprig of mint to harden in the jelly.

Mint Sherbet.—A cupful of mint leaves dropped into a quart of water and a pint of sugar when boiling hot, let the sirup boil for five minutes, then remove the mint, add a cupful of lemon juice, two tablespoonfuls of softened gelatin, add to the mixture and when thoroughly dissolved, freeze. Serve in sherbet cups with a sprig of mint to garnish each.

Ginger ale served with a sprig of mint, well chilled, makes a delightful drink. Serve with small ginger cookies. Mint should be dried for winter use if there is no window garden in which to grow it. A few drops of peppermint will take the place of the fresh mint in making candies.

When It Comes to Kicks. Bill—I see according to the scientists a bee, weight for weight, is at least 80 times as strong as a horse.

Jill—All the same, when it comes to being kicked we'll take the bee every time.

Always the Way.

Mr. Flatbush—Has the new girl come yet?

Mrs. Flatbush—Certainly, she's come. Can't you smell something burning in the kitchen?

Those Panama Slides.

Church—It is said the world's present potato crop is approximately large enough to fill two-thirds of the Panama canal.

Gotham—What's the matter? Aren't those "slides" doing it quick enough?

Quicker Fate.

"Isn't it awful to be eaten alive by sharks?"

"Oh, not after you've been spending some time in camping in the woods without screens."

When You Follow The Trail Go Equipped With

WINCHESTER

Guns and Ammunition

Made for all kinds of shooting

SOLD EVERYWHERE

ASK FOR THE W BRAND

Bad Disposition.
"Billings gets up every morning at sunrise."
"So as to get more work out of the day?"
"No. So as to have the fun of spoiling other people's sleep."

Naturally.
"How is Jerry getting on in the pickle-bottling business?"
"Says he's having a corking good time."

Courting Monotony.
Cynicus—Oh, all women are alike. Sillicus—Then why should any man commit bigamy?—Lafé.

THE HIGH QUALITY SEWING MACHINE

NEW HOME

NOT SOLD UNDER ANY OTHER NAME.

Write for free booklet "Points to be considered before purchasing a Sewing Machine." Learn the facts. THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO., ORANGE, MASS.

What Happens to Them.
"What does your husband do with his old golf balls?"
"Loses 'em."

An old bachelor says that the vocalization at a wedding is even more depressing than the singing at a funeral.

ANY SIZE ROLL 10¢

DEVELOPING

BLACKS

Patents

WANTED 30,000 MEN

For Harvest Work Western Canada

Immense crops; wages \$3.00 per day and board. Cheap railway rates from boundary points. Employment bureaux at Winnipeg, Regina, North Portal, Saskatoon, Fort Frances, Kingsgate, B. C., Coutts and Calgary, Alberta.

No Conscription—
Absolutely No Military Interference

For all particulars apply to

M. V. MCKINNIS, 178 Jefferson Ave., Detroit, Mich.

Canadian Government Agent

LOBELIA USED AS A DRUG HIS MOTHER CAME FIRST

American Indians Gathered Plant for Their Chests—Called "Indian Tobacco."

Fiancee of Illinois Militiamen Had to Wait Outside the Camp Grounds.

While the mobilization of a certain Illinois regiment was under way women in the persons of relatives and friends of the Guardsmen flocked to the camp in such numbers that necessary work was hampered. Thereupon it is reported, the colonel issued orders that only one woman should be allowed to visit each member of the regiment.

One of the Guardsmen, not yet knowing of the order, approached the camp in company with his mother, a sister and his fiancée. The guard stopped the party and sternly asked who the women were. When told he answered:

"You can take in only one. It's up to you to choose."

The young man looked for a moment at the three, and then said, "mother."

When war is in the air humanity gets down to fundamentals, and when this is done mother will never get the worst of it. We do not believe that the young Guardsman will make a worse husband than if he had chosen his sweetheart. A man who can appreciate his mother may be expected to take good care of his wife.

The more a woman has in her head, the less she thinks about what is on it.

Few women are really afraid of mice, but they hate to disappoint the men, who seem to expect them to be afraid.

Fresh From the Ovens—

New Post Toasties represent the most appetizing form in which choice, nutritious Indian corn has ever been prepared.

A new patented process which includes rotary toasting under quick, intense heat gives these flakes a delicious, new and distinctive flavour.

The New Toasties are featured by the bubbly appearance of the surface of the flakes—due to this new art of toasting which releases the wonderful new and attractive true corn taste.

New Post Toasties are not "chaffy" in the package; and they don't mush down when milk or cream is added like common "corn flakes."

For tomorrow's breakfast—

New Post Toasties

—your Grocer has them.

Everybody needs it—stored for emergency in a well-developed, well-preserved, well-nourished body and brain.

Grape-Nuts food stands preeminent as a builder of this kind of energy. It is made of the entire nutrient of whole wheat and barley, two of the richest sources of food strength.

Grape-Nuts also includes the vital mineral elements of the grain, so much emphasized in these days of investigation of real food values.

Crisp, ready to eat, easy to digest, wonderfully nourishing and delicious.

"There's a Reason" for Grape-Nuts



Always Quality First—

There is an untarnished reputation of thirty years' standing and an investment of approximately \$1,000,000.00 behind every sack of

Lily White

"The Flour The Best Cooks Use"

Your bread, rolls, biscuits and pastries are certain to be flavorful, thoroughly delicious and wholesome when baked from Lily White.

Reject all substitutes; insist on having "the flour the best cooks use."

VALLEY CITY MILLING CO.,
Grand Rapids, Mich.

Correspondence.

Frederic News.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Brown, a daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Sack are the proud parents of a new baby.

Miss Carrie White has been visiting her aunt, Mrs. J. J. Higgins during her summer vacation.

The blackberry crop in this vicinity is normal this year.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Lewis returned from their trip to Saginaw last week. They were accompanied by their sister-in-law, Mrs. Wm. Bishop and their niece, Miss Corilla Mills, both of Free-land, Mich.

Mrs. McKay, who has been ill, is much improved.

Miss L. M. Noble of Spencer, Mich., was the guest of Mrs. T. E. Lewis, last week.

A man, who had lost his identity, fell from a chair dead, in Pat Burke's saloon, Monday. His body was sent to Ann Arbor.

C. E. Dowdell, dry campaign manager for Otsego, Crawford and Cheboygan counties, gave an illustrated lecture last Sunday afternoon at the Murphy school house and Sunday evening at the Frederic opera house.

He had large and attentive audiences at both places. He gave some facts and figures that prove conclusively that a saloon is morally, mentally, spiritually and financially a detrimental factor in any community.

Sigsbee Gossip.

S. B. Wakeley, B. T. Wakeley, A. P. Feldhauser and Will Shellenbarger started from Grayling Saturday morning with a fishing party, to run the river to AnSable.

Everyone that attended the Grange picnic at Beaver Creek last Saturday, report a large crowd and a good time.

Mrs. T. L. Wakeley came home Sunday after spending a week with her parents at Lovella.

Max and Polly Irland returned last week after spending a week with their cousins at Ricomo Beach.

Judge Whelan and family returned to their home in Detroit Monday. The family spent a joyous week at the Rainbow club.

We understood Henry Stephan to say his team hauled bark, one day on the road by Barker Creek; but we haven't found any on the creek hill which needs fixing worse than any other part of the road.

A. E. Wakeley is cutting a fine crop of hay.

Eldorado Nuggets.

Mrs. Wm. Iland of Metamora, Ohio, arrived Thursday, Aug. 17th to spend a week with Mr. and Mrs. Waldo B. Kellogg.

Miss Lucile Knight returned Satur-

day, after a few weeks' stay with her aunt, Mrs. Earl VanNatter at Alpena.

Mrs. John Sones of Mulberry, Mich., is spending the week with Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Scott.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Benton and Mrs. Bruce Rutledge of Roscommon, were callers at the Knight farm, Sunday.

Huckleberries are a good crop in this vicinity.

A poverty social for the purpose of raising money to buy a Sunday school organ will be held at Emory Hollowells, Friday evening, August 25th.

Subscribe for the Avalanche.



FELLOW REPUBLICANS:

Next Tuesday, Aug. 29th, the Republicans of the 28th Senatorial District will select a candidate for State Senator and I ask you to VOTE FOR ME.

If you are in favor of a State Budget System of appropriations instead of the present Grab Bag and Pork Barrel System VOTE FOR ME.

If you are in favor of a State Market Bureau so that our farmers and other producing citizens may get a fair return for products of the soil and their labor VOTE FOR ME.

If you are in favor of fair play for everybody VOTE FOR ME.

I promise that my only ambition is to serve you, as representative in the State Senate, faithfully and well and I ask you to vote for me next Tuesday.

M. M. CALLAGHAN

NELSON SHARPE
CIRCUIT JUDGE

ENDORSES MELVIN A. BATES
FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

Will Make Capable and Efficient
Member of State Legislature.

In an unsolicited letter to Melvin A. Bates, Circuit Judge Nelson Sharpe highly endorses the former for the office of Representative Presque Isle district.

Perhaps no person in Michigan is more appreciated by the people who know him than is Judge Sharpe, and such an endorsement as the Judge has so voluntarily offered of Mr. Bates will carry much weight with those who are interested in good and efficient government.

JUDGE SHARPE SAYS:

Aug. 7, 1916.

Mr. M. A. Bates,
Grayling, Michigan.

Dear Mr. Bates:

While I do not live in your Representative district, I want you to know that I feel a keen interest in your primary campaign. This is not only due to my personal friendship for you but is owing to my appreciation of the fact that you will make a capable and efficient member of the State Legislature.

The continually increasing tax levy of Michigan must surely begin to cause anxiety to property owners and it is time that we begin to send men to the legislature who appreciate this fact and who have had sufficient experience with state and county affairs to assist in making reductions in and cutting out useless appropriations.

From an intimate acquaintance with you for more than twenty-five years, I feel confident that you will exert your influence to this end and I also know that you will also at all times be found on the right side of every question affecting the interests of your people and of the state at large.

With best wishes for your success and regret that we are not in the same district so that I might aid you in a personal way, believe me,

Sincerely yours,
NELSON SHARPE.

A MAN WITH A POLITICAL MESSAGE
FOR THE PEOPLE

WILLIAM H. HILL

Candidate for the Republican Nomination for United States Senator August 29th.

William H. Hill, of Detroit, who has tossed his hat into the ring for the nomination for United States Senator from Michigan on the Republican ticket, has a political message for the people that it would be well to heed.

Mr. Hill's long experience in the administration of large business affairs has given him a new conception of the viewpoint and the duties of office.

A close study of government affairs has convinced him that there is but one course to pursue in a Federal office. That is, to base every act on the fact that running a government is a business proposition for business men of experience and judgment.

He believes that the government of the United States should be regarded as a great corporation in which the 100,000,000 people of this country are the stockholders; and that the Senate and the House of Representatives constitute the "Board of Directors" of this corporation.

He believes that the members of the "board" should represent all the people all the time and not a favored few; and that the people should always be able to tell where their "directors" stand.

He asked: "Have the people of Michigan, the past few years, been able to tell where their senators stood, or where to find them?" Mr. Hill is well fitted for the office he seeks and to realize his conception of its duties. Years of business training in the business world, his travel in this and foreign countries and close study of history and government have given him exceptional equipment for the task. Thirty-one years of his life have been spent in Detroit where he is a successful manufacturing druggist, conducting one of the largest concerns of its kind in the country. A Good Platform to Stand On—to Act On.

Here are the all-inclusive and progressive principles on which William H. Hill is basing his campaign:

100% Americanism and national security.
Improvement of labor conditions.
Protection of women and children.
Conservation of national resources.
A stable foundation for honorable enterprise.
Rescuing commerce from uncertainty.

Establishing a non-partisan tariff commission whose work shall be conducted on scientific and efficient lines.
Mr. Hill urges you to come out at the primaries August 29th. It is only by exercising your privileges at the Primaries that you can secure a new deal. Put an X before the name of William H. Hill August 29th.



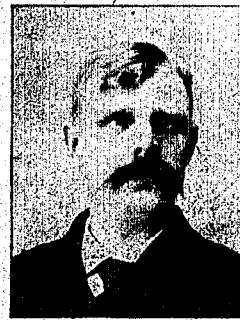
FOR Register of Deeds

☒ ALLEN B. FAILING

Competent, Courteous and
Attentive to Business

Republican Candidate
Primaries August 29th

Will thank you for your vote and a good word to your friends



Peter E. Johnson

Republican Candidate for
The Office of

Register of Deeds

Primaries August 29th

I have been a resident of Crawford County 36 years, your vote will be appreciated.

Manistee & N. E. R. R.
Time Card

In effect June 19, 1916.

Read Down.			Read Up.		
A. M.	P. M.		P. M.	A. M.	
7.00	7.25	Grayling ar	11.50	7.40	
7.10	7.35	" " Resort	11.55	7.45	
7.18	7.43	" " Sigua	12.00	7.50	
7.25	7.50	" " Rowley	12.05	7.55	
7.35	7.55	" " Alton	12.10	8.00	
7.40	8.00	" " Buckley	12.15	8.05	
7.45	8.05	" " Glenarry	12.20	8.10	
7.50	8.10	" " Rvr Brch	12.25	8.15	
7.55	8.15	" " Kaleva	12.30	8.20	
8.00	8.20	" " Chief lake	12.35	8.25	
8.05	8.25	" " Norwalk	12.40	8.30	
8.10	8.30	" " Manistee	12.45	8.35	

A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
7.35	7.40	11.20	7.40
8.21	8.25	10.34	8.25
8.43	8.45	10.10	8.30
8.49	8.52	9.55	8.35
9.23	9.25	9.23	8.45
9.31	9.35	9.14	8.45
9.53	9.55	8.57	8.45
9.59	10.00	8.51	8.45
10.15	10.15	8.35	8.40

† Daily, except Sunday.
Local freight trains.

\$100. Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh medicine is taken internally and acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh medicine that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo Ohio. Sold by all druggists; 75 cents.

PROBATE NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN.

The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said court, held at the probate office in the village of Grayling, in said county, on the 11th day of August A. D., 1916.

Present: Hon. Wellington Batterson, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Maggie Kawagamak or Gomania:

Ralph B. Lacey, a friend having filed in said court his petition, praying that James A. Kalahar or some other suitable person be appointed as guardian of the estate of said minor.

It is ordered that the 7th day of September A. D., 1916, at ten o'clock a. m. at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the CRAWFORD AVALANCHE a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

WELLINGTON BATTEPERSON,
[A true copy.] Judge of Probate.

WELLINGTON BATTEPERSON,
Judge of Probate. 6-17-3w

Ridding Yourself of Embarrassment

You probably do feel embarrassed—perfectly natural—others feel the same if their education has been neglected; but in spite of that fact scores of our graduates, now earning big salaries, were once in a position identical with yours. They didn't know. They, too, felt embarrassed, but they took the one and only way to overcome their troubles. They entered school and learned what they needed to know. They do not feel sensitive about themselves any more. Why should you hesitate?

Let those at the front tell you of the ease with which they overcame difficulties. It is all in "On The Firing Line" and "Why?" Write today for copies.

Bay City Business College, Bay City, Mich.

Wayne County is Solid
For Frank B. Leland

What a leading rural publication thinks of Mr. Leland's view on the State Tax Commission.

EVERY DAILY PAPER IN DETROIT HAS EDITORIALY ENDORSED THE LELAND CANDIDACY

Frank B. Leland

(Detroit News editorial Aug. 5, '16.)

Candidate for Republican Nomination for Governor Opposed to Present Methods of State Tax Commission.

Frank B. Leland, candidate for the republican nomination for governor, struck a note that met with a warm response in the hearts of all taxpayers when in his recent address at Ewart, Mich., he pointed out the unfairness of sending strangers into a community to assess the valuation of property.

The idea that a stranger, unacquainted with local conditions, can come into a community for a few days and fix valuations better than the officials who are residents of the community is utterly absurd and the working out of the plan is the dissatisfaction that has arisen in every township and county has proven this.

"In five years the commission has cost the state \$700,000," said Mr. Leland. "The work could have been done far better for \$100,000. Instead of putting 100 men at work in localities with which they are not familiar to attempt the assessment of each piece of property, the commission could do better work if it assessed 50 or 100 pieces of property in each county, and then by comparison with figures of local assessors determined the valuation."

In condemning the present method of tax commission, Mr. Leland voices the opinion of ninety-nine out of every one hundred residents of the state, who heartily applaud his stand.—Farmington Enterprise.

Now that the Wayne county and Detroit republican organizations are pledged to Frank B. Leland's Candidacy for governor, his chances of securing the nomination have been greatly improved. Detroit has not produced a governor since Pingree—and Michigan admits that he was a good one. But Mr. Leland has more than a geographical claim to consideration. He combines the education and training of a lawyer with those of a business man, and is thus fitted not only to give Michigan that "business administration" which of late years has been clamorously desired by certain groups, but also to give expert attention to legislation.

Mr. Leland has never been an office seeker. His election as regent of the University of Michigan in 1907 and again in 1913 gave him a place of honor rather than of political influence. It was a position in which executive capacity was needed, and this Mr. Leland showed he had. In another field of public service he has won popular esteem—the fight against tuberculosis. There he has shown fine qualities of organization and leadership.

Michigan republicans will do well to consider the qualifications of the Wayne county candidate, and to compare them with those of other aspirants for the nomination. It would be a mistake to choose him merely because Detroit may feel that the city is entitled to consideration. But if his record and his abilities, his broad-mindedness and his freedom from factionalism appeal to the party, it should not let minor considerations influence it.

Vote for Frank B. Leland August 29
The Republican who United the
Party in Wayne CountyPaperhanging
and
Kalsomining

We do paperhanging and kalsomining, interior decorating and painting. Let us give you an estimate on your work.

All Work Done Promptly
and Satisfactory

We also sell
WALL PAPER

Conrad Sorenson
Painter and Decorator
Phone 613

HUMPHREYS'
Witch Hazel Oil

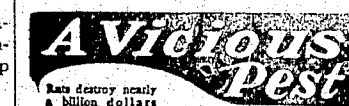
(COMPOUND)
For Piles or Hemorrhoids, External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching or Burning. One application brings relief. Two sizes, 25c. and \$1.00, at all druggists or mailed.

Send Free Sample of Oil to

Humphreys' Homeo. Medicine Company,
156 William Street, New York.

SICK ANIMALS

A BIG BOOK on diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs and Poultry, mailed free. Humphreys' Veterinary Medicine, 156 William Street, New York.



Central Drug Store

Boats for rent at Portage lake park a half mile from Resort, on the M. & N. E. railroad. Fine train service from Grayling. Otto McIntyre. tf

Drs. Insley & Keyport
Physicians & Surgeons

Office over Lewis & Co's. Drug Store,

Office Hours—2-4, 7-8 p. m. Mornings and Sundays by appointment.
Residence on Fenimore Avenue, opposite G. A. R. Hall.

Bank of Grayling.

Successor to Crawford County Exchange Bank.

MARIUS HANSON
PROPRIETOR.

Interest paid on certificates of deposit. Collections promptly attended to. All accounts a loss extended that are consistent with safe and conservative banking.

MARIUS HANSON, Cashier

C. A. Canfield, D.D.S.

DENTIST

OFFICE:
Over Alexander's Law Office on Michigan Avenue.

Office hours: 8.30-11 a. m. 1-3.30. p. m.

J. Atwood Whitaker, M.D.

Physician and Surgeon

Office over Central Drug Store.

Office hours 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.

Residence on Maple street, first residence from Michigan avenue.

Office phone 842.

Residence phone 303.

GLEN SMITH,

Attorney and Solicitor,

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY

GRAYLING, MICH.

Phone 62.

Dr. J. J. Love

DENTIST

Phone 1271

Hours: 9 to 11:30 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m.

Office: Upstairs next to postoffice

O. Palmer

ATTORNEY AT LAW

FIRE INSURANCE,
and REAL ESTATE

Office in Avalanche Building

O. P. Schumann

Justice of the Peace

At Avalanche Office

The Crawford Avalanche

Crawford County's Home Paper.

Our advertisements bring results

NORTHEASTERN
MICHIGAN FAIR

BAY CITY

September 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16

EXTRA

EXTRA

FREE—SPECIAL ATTRACTION—THE FAMOUS WORLD-RENOVED

PAWNEE BILL'S WILD WEST
PIONEER DAYS

REAL INDIANS—COWBOYS—MEXICANS

The Most Spectacular and Costly FREE ATTRACTION Ever Offered at Any Fair

A \$40,000.00 SPECTACLE

AFTERNOON AND EVENING